

# Ancient Game Audio

## The Invention of Sound for Video Games

### Game Audio Playthrough #46

Jakob Schmid  
Geometric Interactive



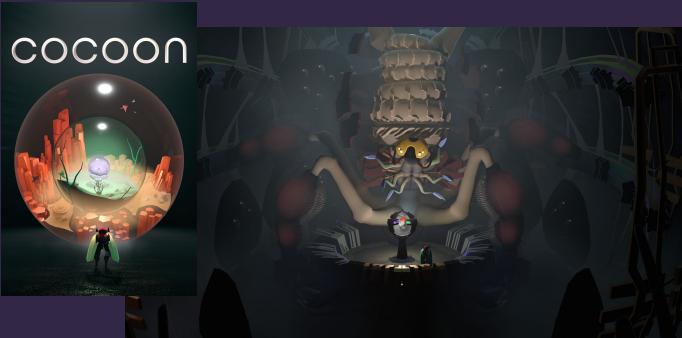
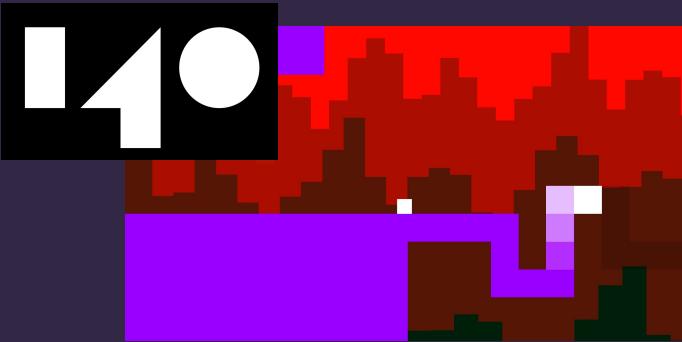
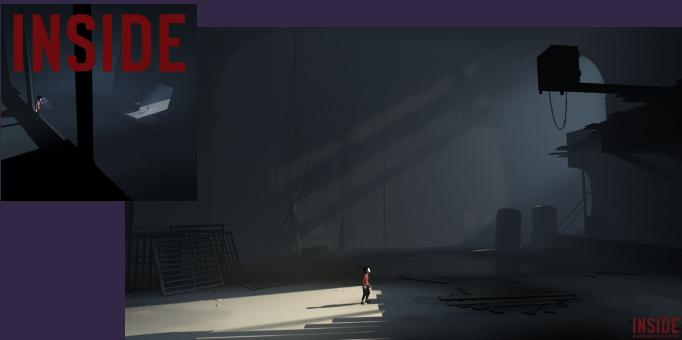
# Who am I?

Computer scientist, Aalborg University, Denmark

18 years game development experience

Audio programmer on INSIDE

Geometric Interactive co-founder / audio director



# Topics

One Way to Understand Video Game History

Audio Hardware 1970-1980s

# One Way to Understand Video Game History

My frame of analysis for this talk:

**Video games represent a dialogue between artistic ideas and external constraints**

*Let's look at an example*

# Ideas / Constraints Dialogue Example

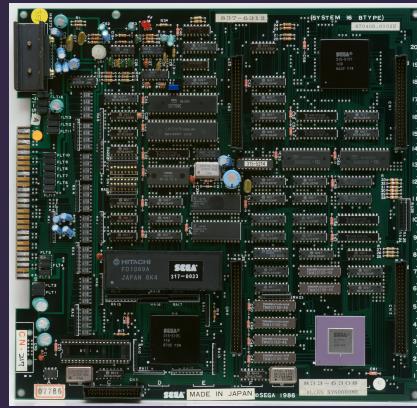


Artistic idea:  
An action game with fantasy art like Boris Vallejo

# Ideas / Constraints Dialogue Example



Artistic idea:  
Fantasy art like Boris Vallejo



Hardware constraints:  
Sega System 16 (1985)

# Ideas / Constraints Dialogue Example



Artistic idea:  
Fantasy art like Boris Vallejo



Hardware constraints:  
Sega System 16 (1985)



End result

Title : Golden Axe  
Platform : Arcade (System 16)  
Year : 1989  
Developer : Sega

*How can we observe this dialogue?*

# Noticing Hardware Constraints



Title : Zombies Ate my Neighbors  
Platform : Sega Mega Drive  
Year : 1993  
Developer : Lucasfilm Games

*What graphical constraints can we see here?*

# Noticing Hardware Constraints

Background graphics are constrained to 8x8 grid!



# Noticing Hardware Constraints



Title : Congo Bongo  
Platform : ColecoVision  
Year : 1984  
Developer : Sega

Title : Girl's Garden  
Platform : SG-1000  
Year : 1985  
Developer : Sega

Title : Penguin Adventure  
Platform : MSX  
Year : 1986  
Developer : Konami



*What do these games have in common?*

# Noticing Hardware Constraints

256x192 resolution with 15-color fixed palette  
32 single-color sprites



*Why do 3 games for 3 different platforms have exactly the same graphics constraints?*

# TMS9918

MSX, ColecoVision, Sega SG-1000  
Same graphics chip: TMS9918



Platform : MSX  
Year : 1983  
Developer : Microsoft/ASCII Corp

Platform : ColecoVision  
Year : 1982  
Developer : Coleco Industries

Platform : SG-1000  
Year : 1983  
Developer : Sega

# Ideas / Constraints Dialogue

- Hardware constraints affect the execution of ideas
- Same for development constraints
- Sometimes they inhibit, sometimes they inspire

# Disclaimer

- I don't see constraints as a negative
- I impose artificial constraints on myself (and others) as inspiration
- Many of the developers, sound designers, composers we will talk about today agree

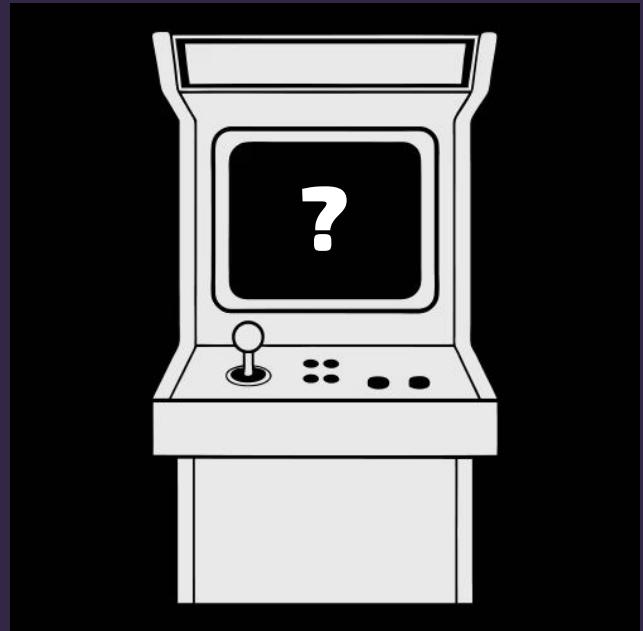
# Video Games 1970-1980

- Arcade games was the cutting edge of the medium
- Sound was essential



# Thought Experiment

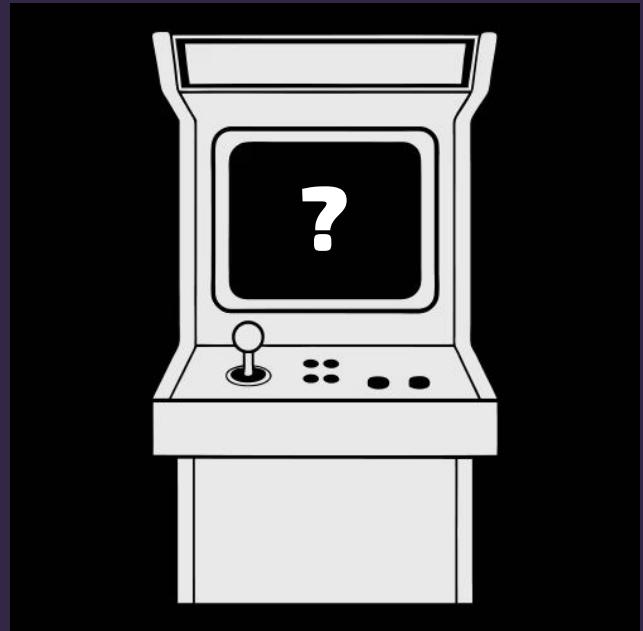
It's 1980 and you're designing an arcade machine



# Thought Experiment

It's 1980 and you're designing an arcade machine.

So, what hardware are you using for sound?



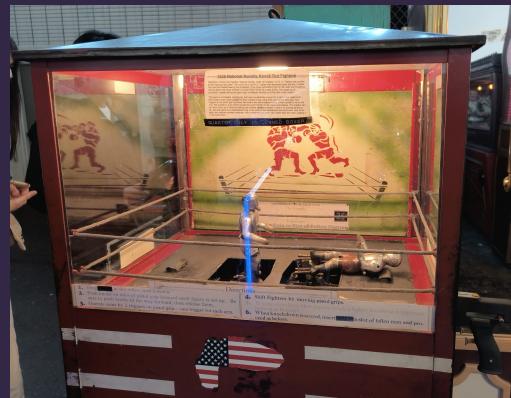
# Mechanical Arcade Games

Existed since early 1900s

Pinball machines and other electro-mechanical arcade games



Title : Ace High  
Year : 1957  
Platform : Pinball  
Developer : Gottlieb



Title : Knock Out Fighters  
Year : 1928  
Platform : Arcade machine  
Developer : National Novelty



Title : Sky Raider  
Year : 1958  
Platform : Arcade machine  
Developer : United

# Mechanical Sound: Pinball

## Physical sounds

- Ball
- Flippers
- Bumpers

## Electro-mechanical sounds

- Clicks
- Bells



# Electro-Mechanical Pinball Sounds

How do the electro-mechanical sounds work?

Let's ask a YouTube guy



Title : Aztec  
Year : 1976  
Company : Williams  
Sound : Electro-mechanical

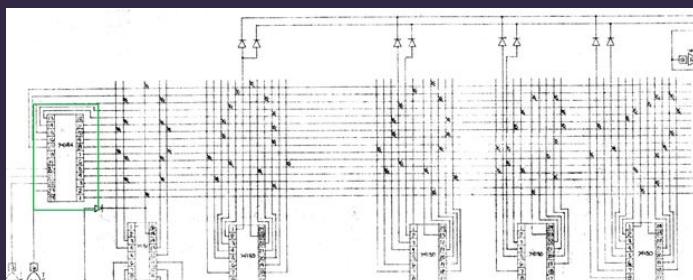
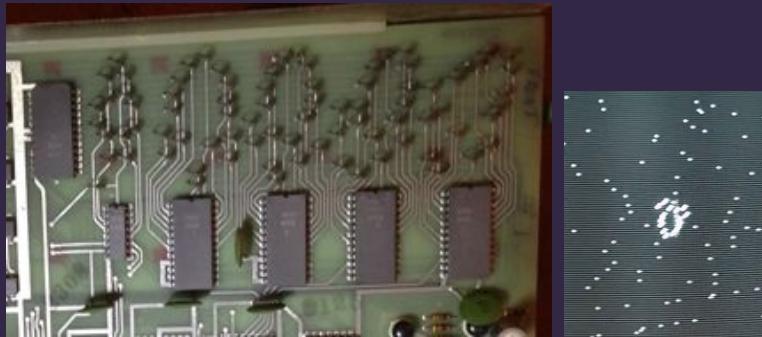
# First Arcade Video Game



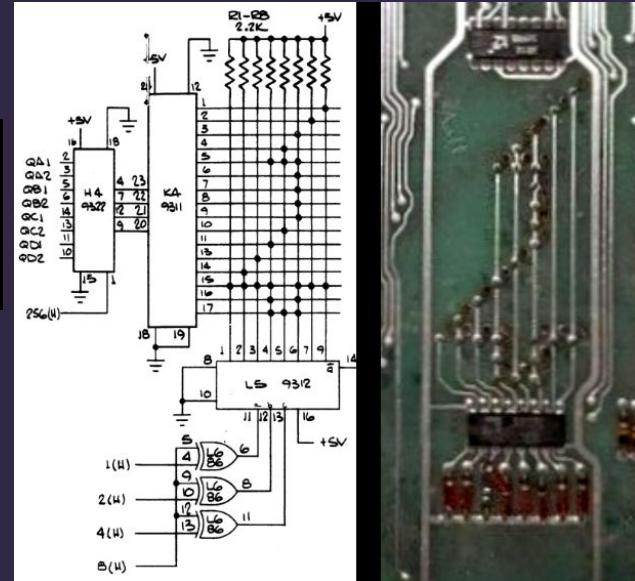
Title : Computer Space  
Year : 1971  
Company : Syzygy Engineerings

*How were games designed in the early 1970s?*

# No CPU, No Software, No ROM Data



Title : Computer Space  
Year : 1971  
Company : Syzygy Engineerings



Title : Space Race  
Year : 1973  
Company : Atari

*Let's look at a game in detail!*

# Pong

- Two-player tennis game
- Controlled with analog knobs
- Assigned as an exercise for new hire Allan Alcorn
- Designed in 2 months
- First commercially successful video game, sold 35,000 units
- Profit 17.5 m\$ (~ 135 m\$ in 2026) on arcade units alone



Title	:	Pong
Year	:	1972
Platform	:	Arcade machine
Developer	:	Atari

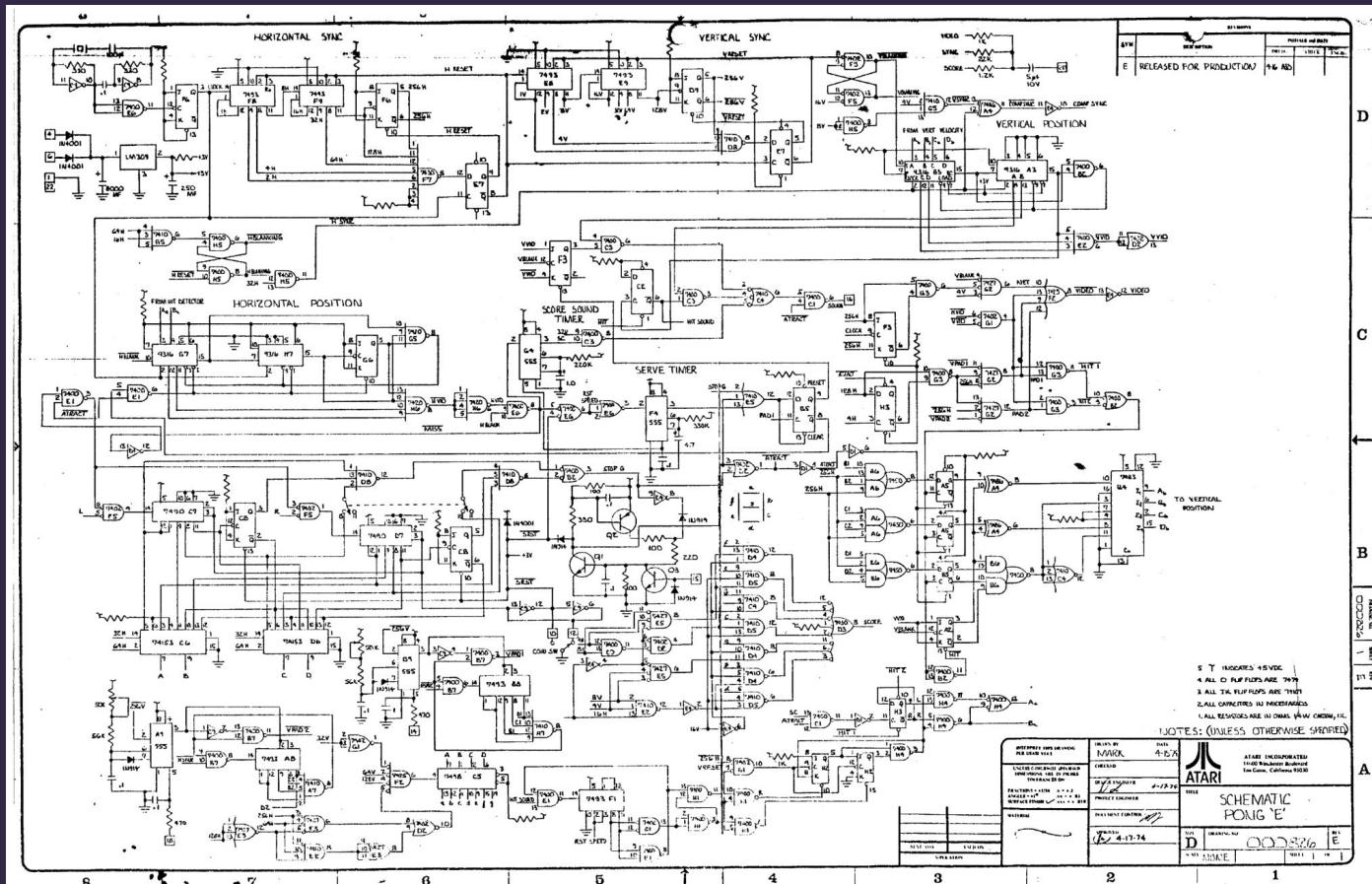
*How was it designed?*

# Pong

This is Pong:

- Game logic
- Art
- Sound
- Video controller

Everything!



What are all these boxes with numbers?

# Transistor-Transistor Logic Chips

Small chips with <14 pins

Manufactured from 1963 forward

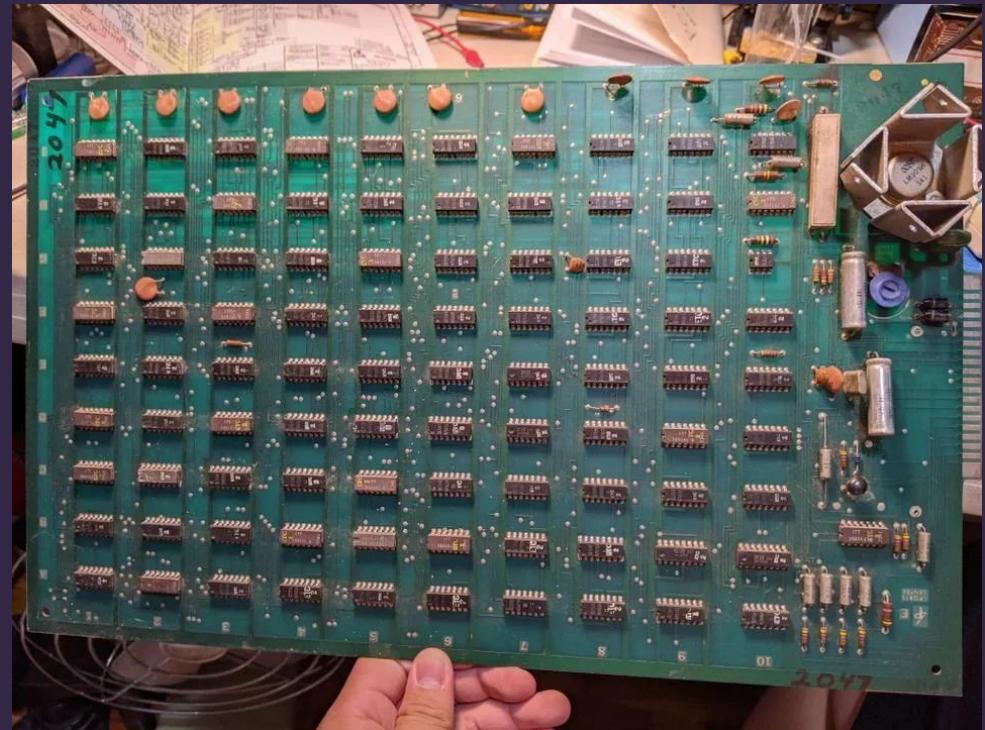
Simple binary operations

## List of Pong components

### TTL

#### Part # Function

7400	NAND
7410	3-input NAND
7430	8-input NAND
7474	2xflip flop (2 x 1-bit memory)
74107	2xflip flop with clear
555	2.1 MHz timer
7493	4-bit binary counter (divide by 2, 4, 8)
9316	4-bit up/down binary counter

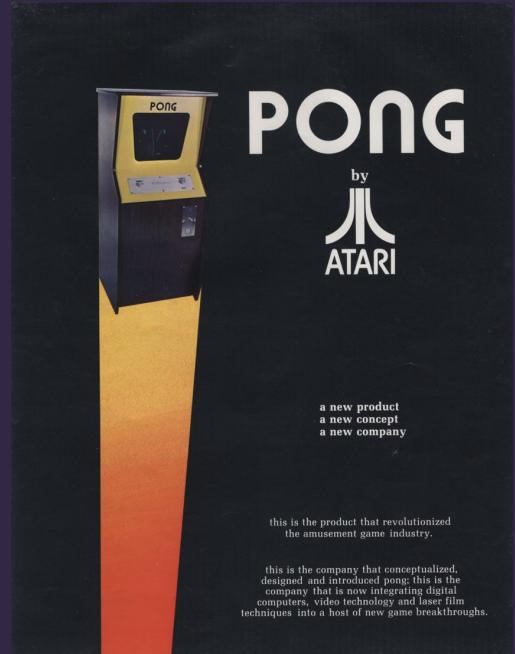


Does Pong have sound?

# Pong Sound

Pong has 3 sounds:

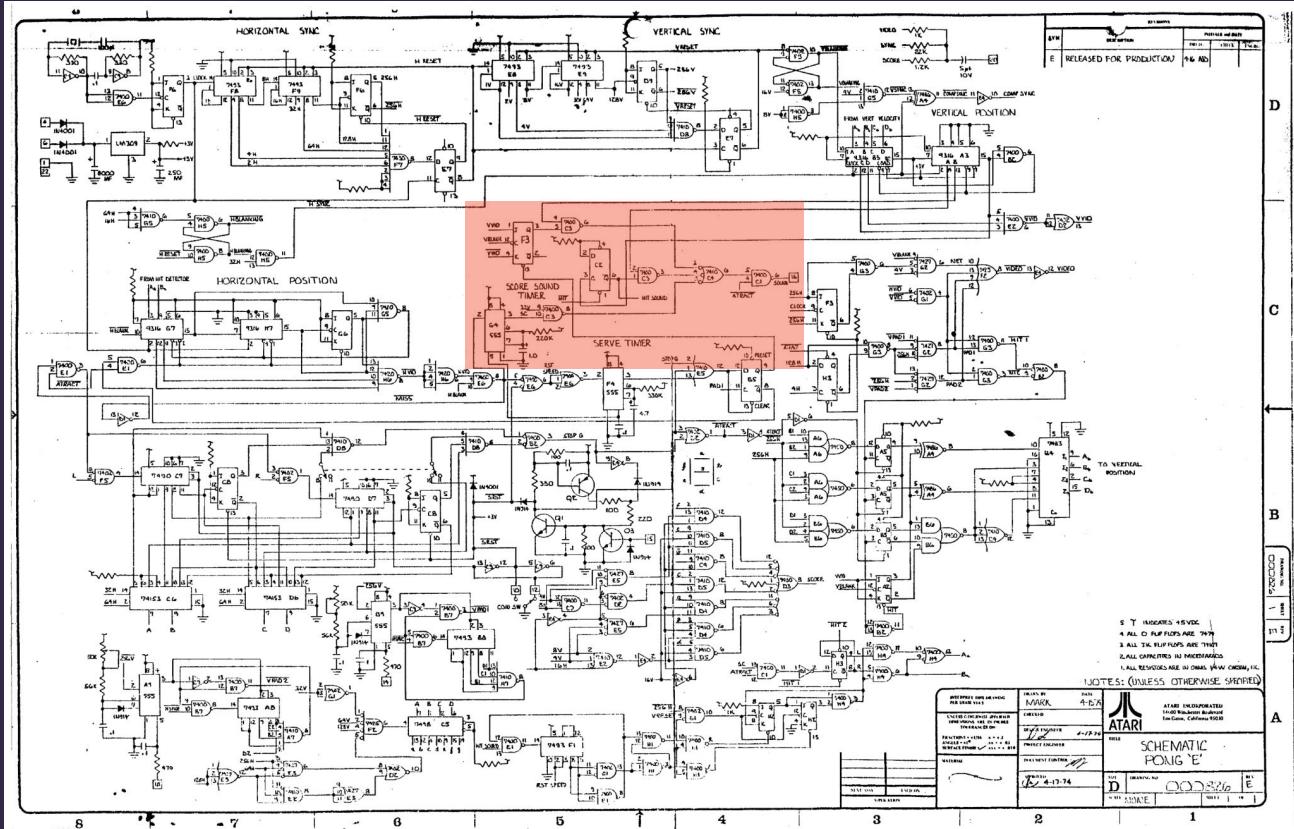
- TOP BOTTOM HIT (short 246 Hz square wave)
- PADDLE HIT (short 592 Hz square wave)
- SCORE (longer 246 Hz square-ish wave)



Title	:	Pong
Year	:	1972
Platform	:	Arcade machine
Developer	:	Atari

*How do I know those frequencies so accurately?*

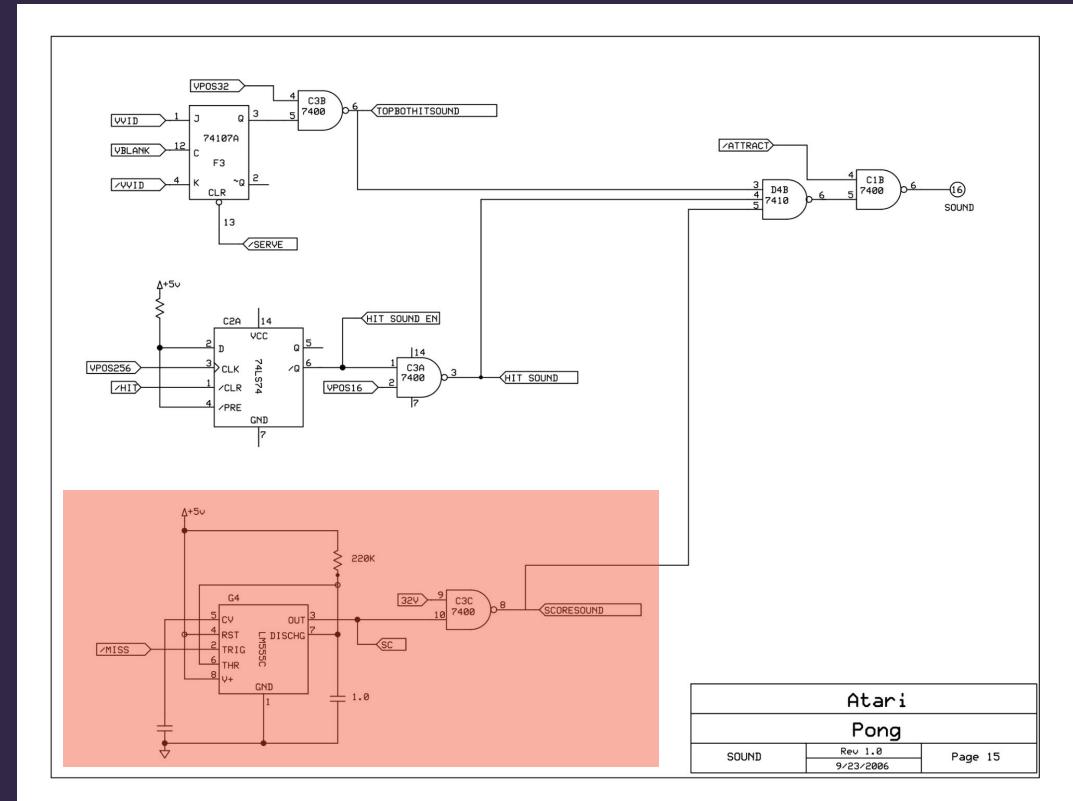
# Pong Sound



## *How does it work?*

# Sound Circuits

- Each sound has its own circuit
- Marked is the SCORE sound circuit



*Let's look closer the SCORE sound*

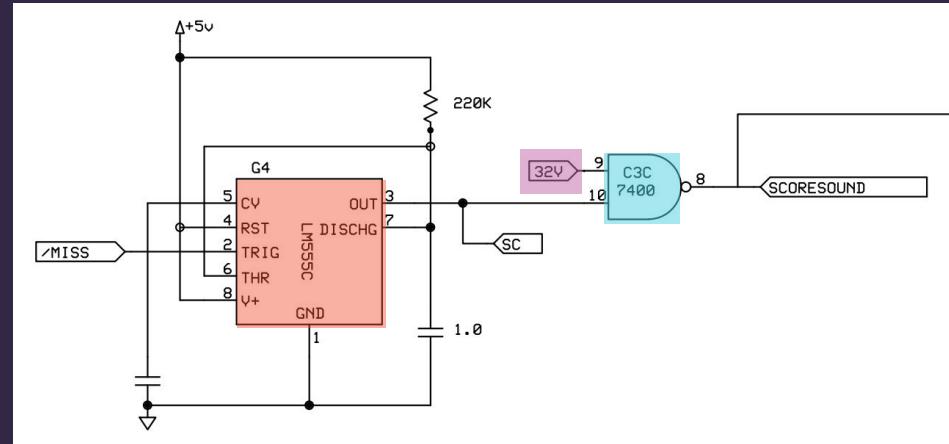
# SCORE Sound

Components:

555 : timer

7400 : NAND (NOT AND operation - works here as a binary AND)

- 555 triggered by /MISS when ball goes out of bounds
- OUT goes high for 242 ms
- Gates the 32V signal to output

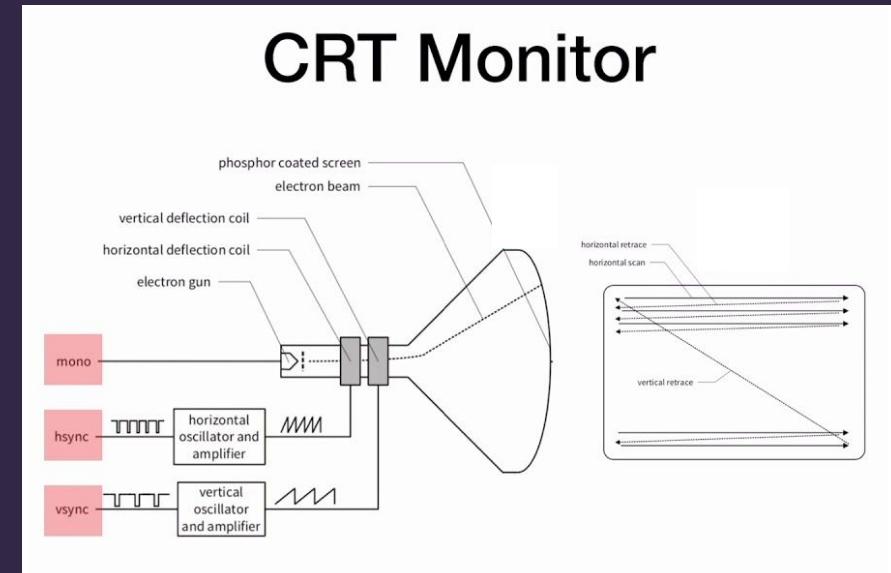


What is the 32V signal?

# Master Clock and Video Synchronization

Pong is a computer-like device that directly controls a CRT display.

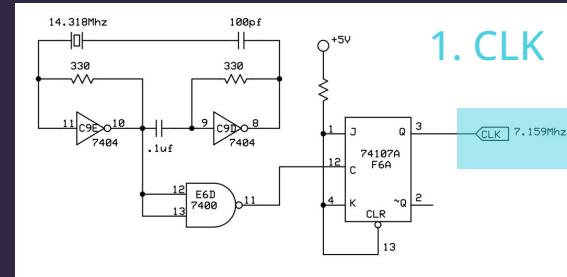
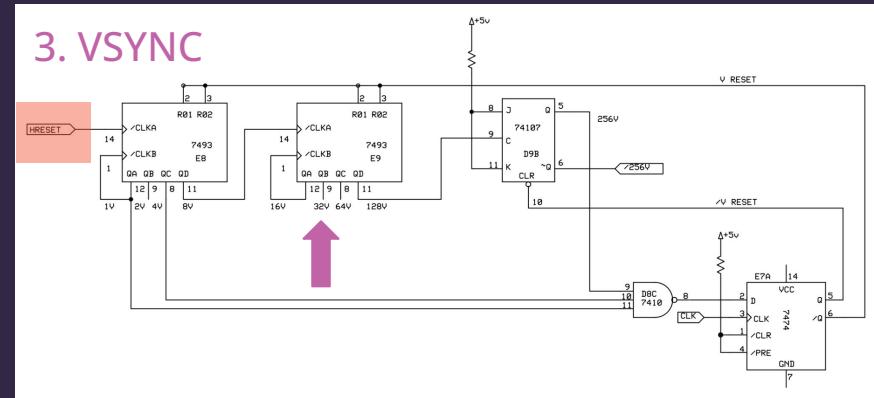
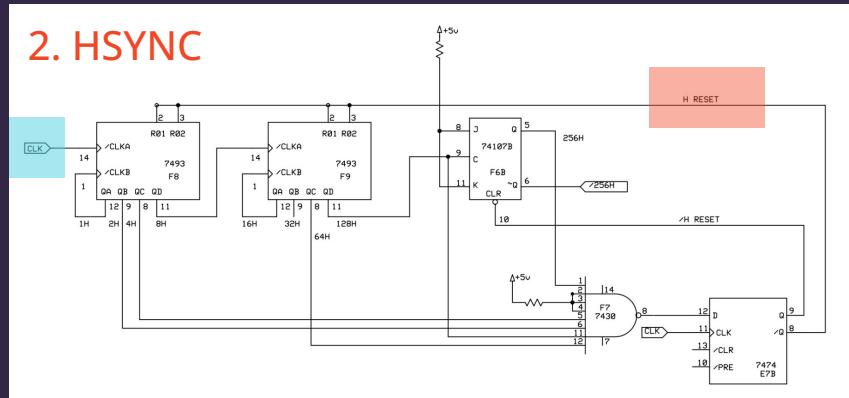
- The whole board runs using a master clock (CLK)
- CLK is used to generate video synchronization signals (VSYNC/HSYNC)
- Outputs luminance (B&W) video signal
- And mono sound



*How's that related to the 32V signal?*

# From Crystal to 32V

1. 14.3 MHz crystal generates 7.16 MHz master clock CLK
2. HSYNC counts 455 CLKs, outputs HRESET at 15.7 KHz
3. VSYNC counts 262 CLKs, outputs VRESET at 60.0 Hz
4. During VSYNC counting, 6th binary digit is 32V, a 246 Hz square wave (glitchy, because it resets every 1/60 s)

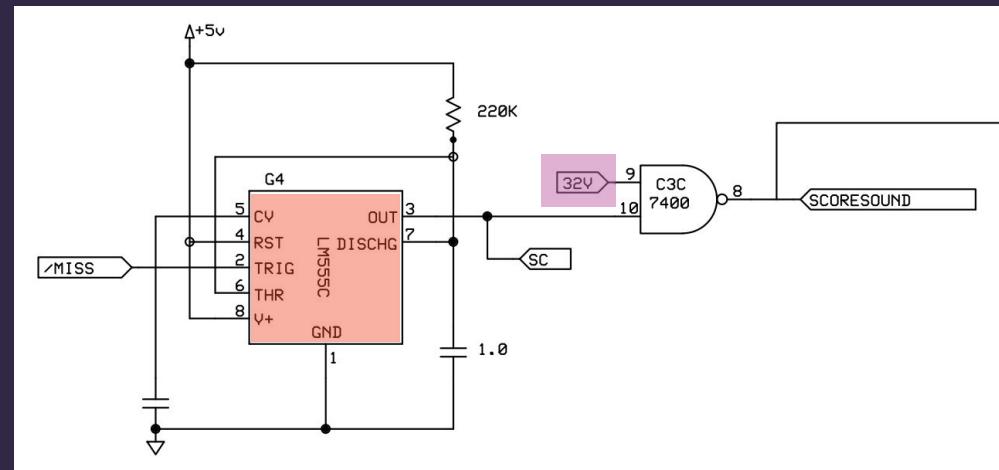


# SCORE Sound

Now we know where the sound comes from:

- 32V is a 246 Hz digital square wave
- 555 acts as a gate for 242 ms

The output is a 1-bit digital signal

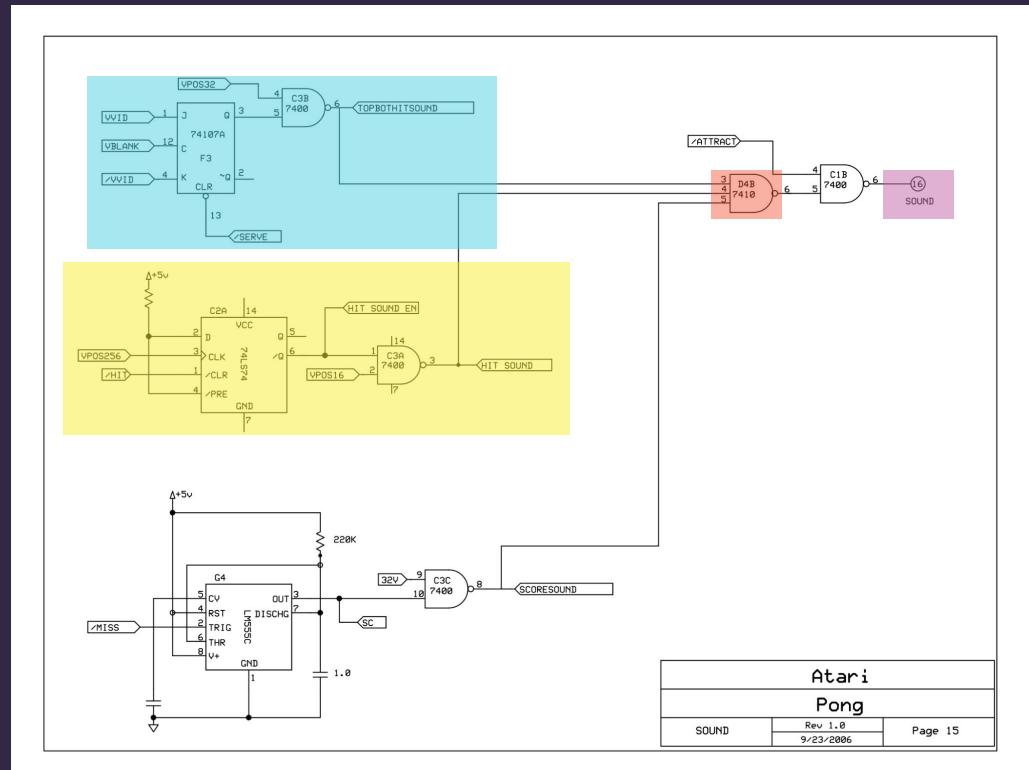


# Sound Circuits

SCORE sound gets **digitally mixed** with two other sounds using NAND gate:

TOP BOTTOM HIT  
PADDLE HIT

And sent to the **SOUND** output



# Digital Hardware Synthesis

- No CPU, no software, no ROM data
- Designed like a computer
- Implemented using discrete TTL logic
- 1-bit digital audio, 3 different sounds
- Generated from video sync clocks

*How did the designer approach the audio?*

# Idea / Constraints

Al Alcorn, designer of Pong:

*I was running out of parts on the board.*

*Nolan wanted [...] the approving roar of cheering people when you made a point.*

*Ted Dabney told me to make a boo and a hiss when you lost a point [...].*

*I said, "Screw it, I don't know how to make any one of those sounds. I don't have enough parts anyhow." Since I had the wire wrapped on the scope, I poked around the sync generator to find an appropriate frequency or a tone.*

*So those sounds were done in half a day. They were the sounds that were already in the machine.*



# Analog Hardware Synthesis

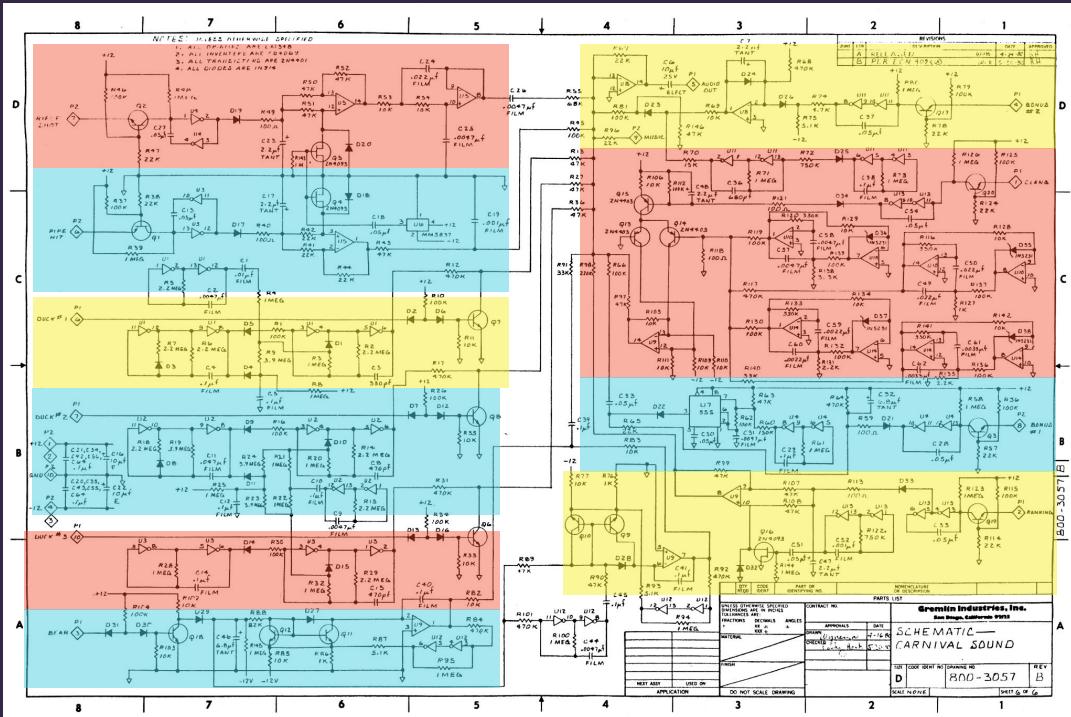
- Carnival by Sega (1980)
- Gallery shooting game
- Capture experience of going to a traveling carnival
- Runs on a Z80 CPU
- In-game music toggle!



Title	:	Carnival
Year	:	1980
Platform	:	Arcade machine
Developer	:	Sega
Sound	:	Analog H/W Synthesis

# Carnival Sound Board

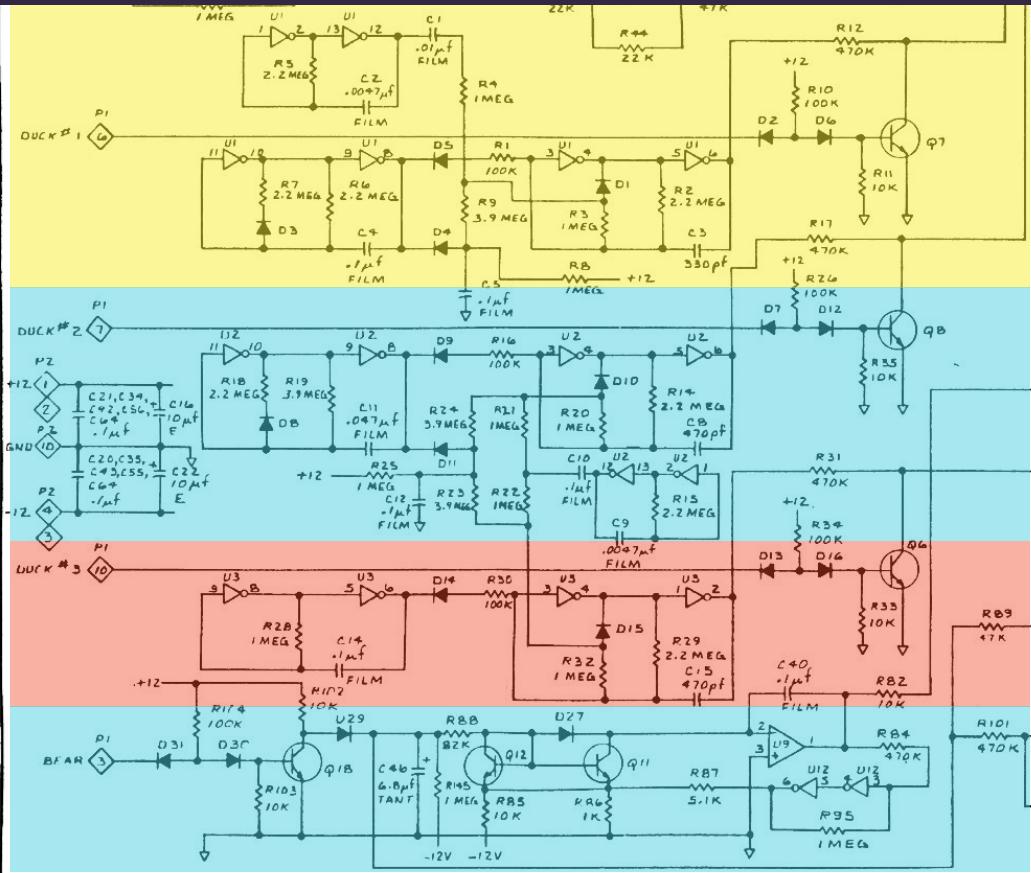
- Sound only, music is its own board
- Individual sounds triggered on left and right sides



## *Let's look closer!*

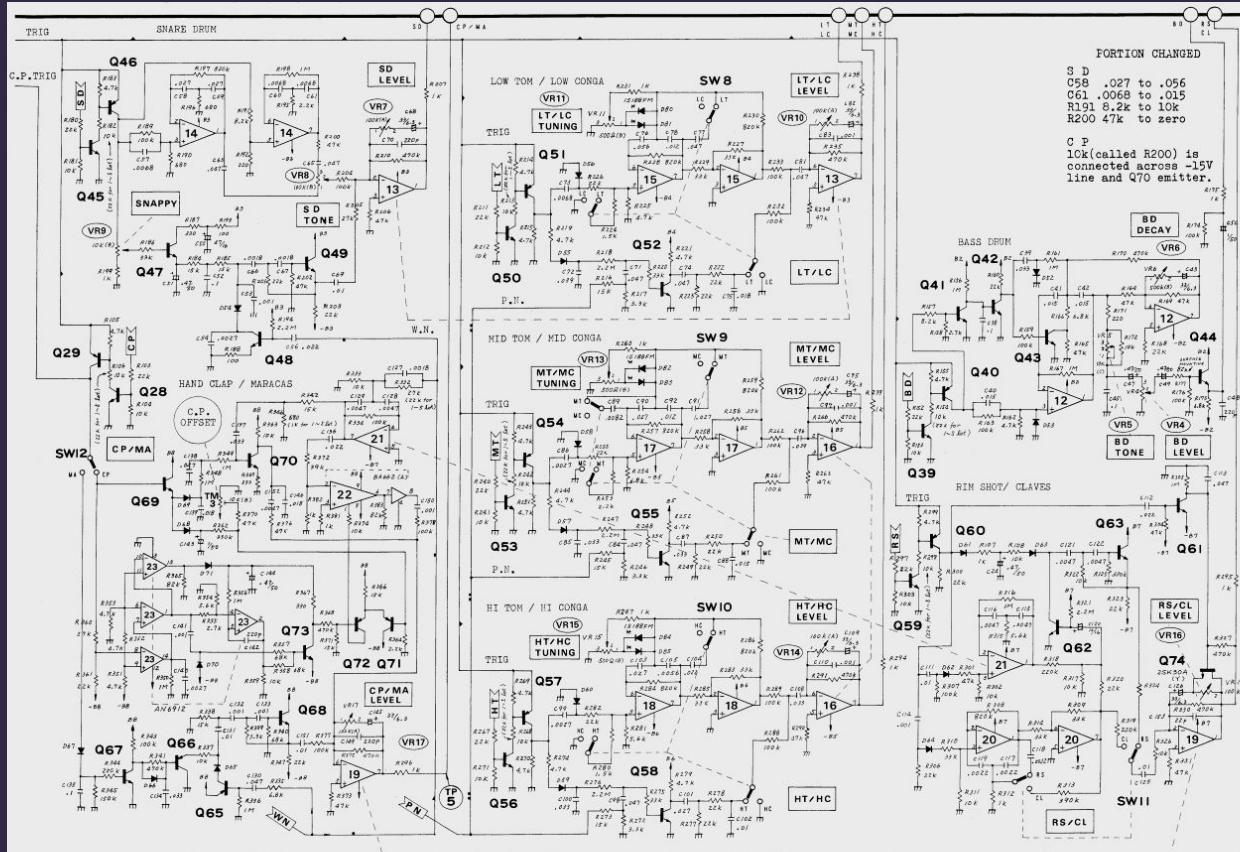
# Carnival Sound Board

- Each sound has its own analog circuit
- Using amps, inverters, transistors, diodes
- Here we see sounds DUCK #1-3 and BEAR



*This reminds me of something...*

# Analog Hardware Synthesis



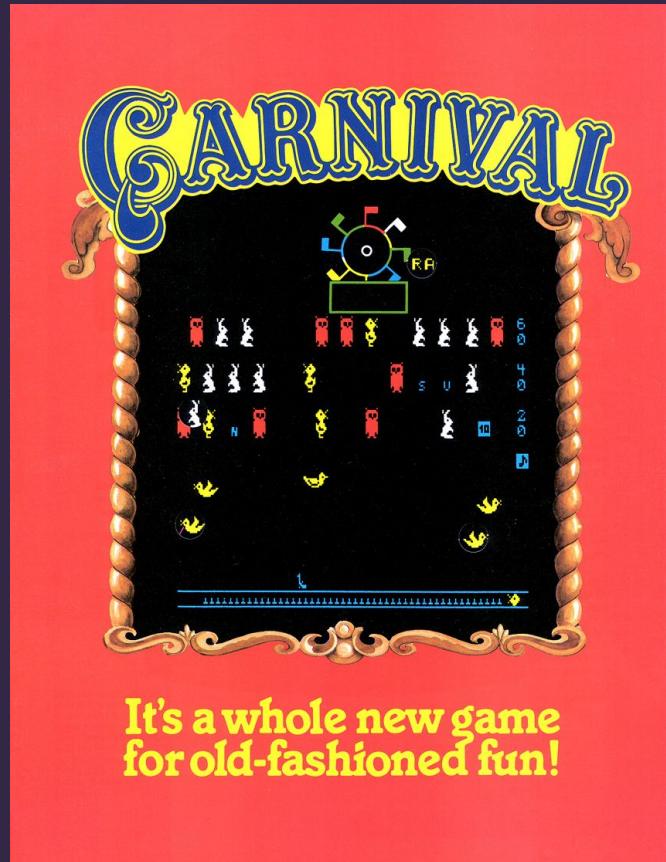
What is this?

# Idea / Constraints

I couldn't find information about the development of Carnival.

But we can speculate:

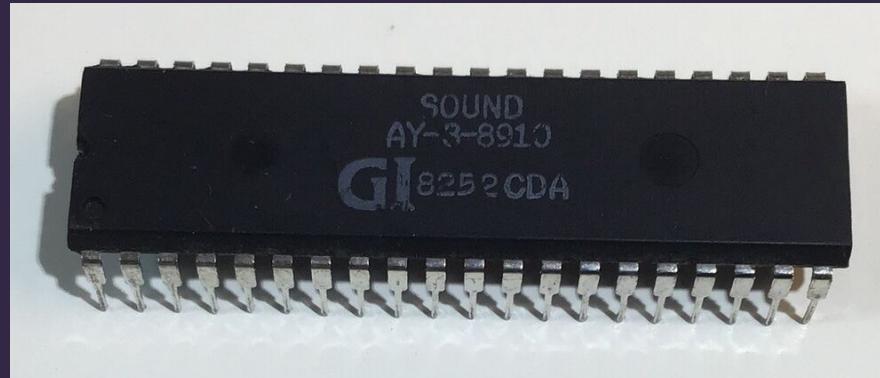
- Unique hardware was designed for every sound effect.  
The designer of Carnival seemingly wanted players to have a realistic shooting gallery experience
- Music was added to enhance carnival ambience



*OK, and how does the music work?*

# Carnival Music

Uses General Instruments AY-3-8910 (1978) - more on this chip later



*Is this the first video game music?*

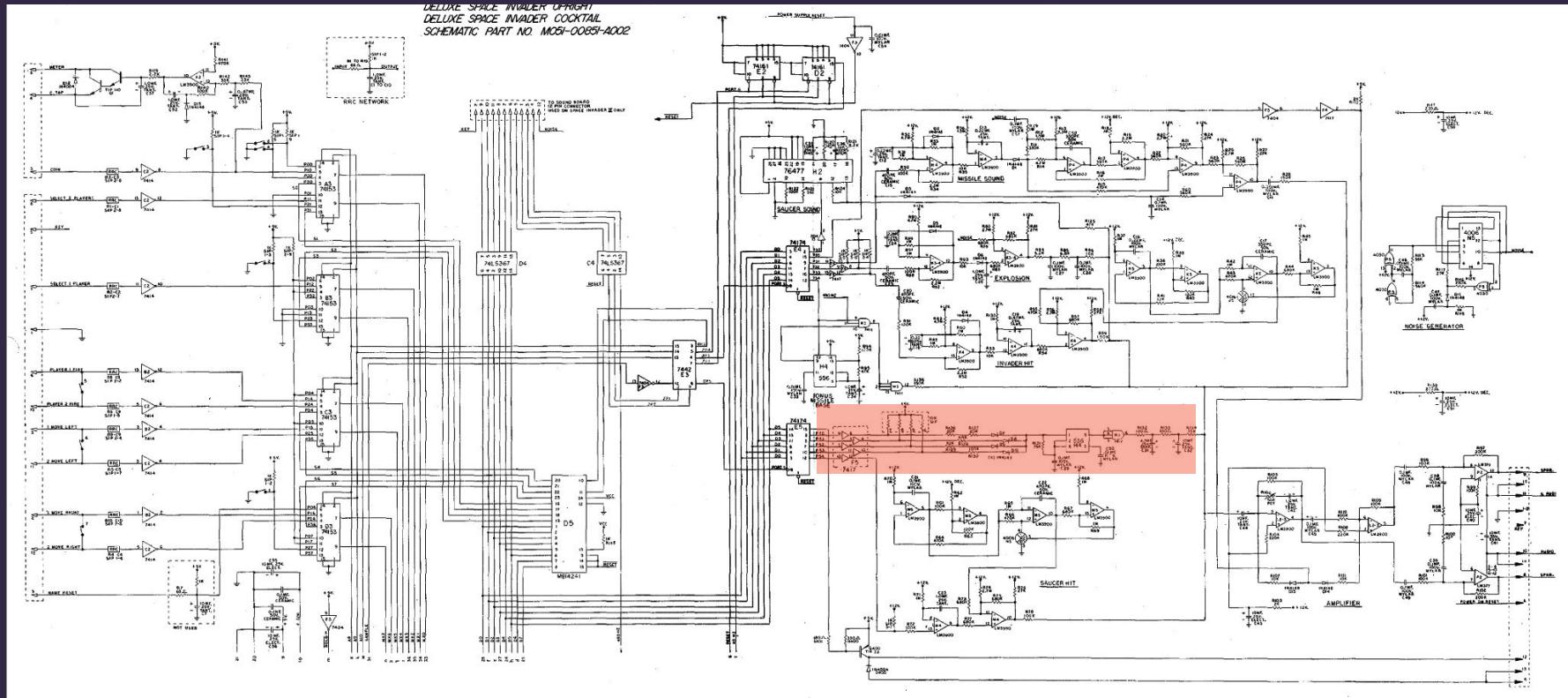
# Inventing Music

- Space Invaders!
- Immensely successful worldwide
- Generated 4 b\$ in 1978-1982 (10 b\$ adjusted for inflation)
- Analog sound board similar to Carnival



Title	:	Space Invaders
Year	:	1978
Platform	:	Arcade machine
Developer	:	Taito
Sound	:	Analog H/W Synthesis

# Space Invaders Music



How's that music?

# Space Invaders Music

- 556 is a timer (like 555 in Pong)
- Works as an oscillator in this configuration
- Generates pitch based on the input resistance
- 4 different resistor combinations are selected

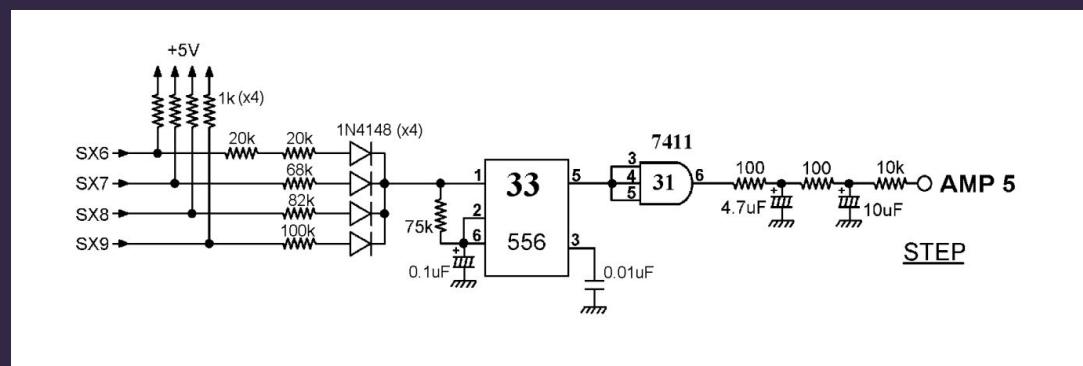
## Generating frequencies:

34.9 Hz

30.0 Hz

281 Hz

258 Hz



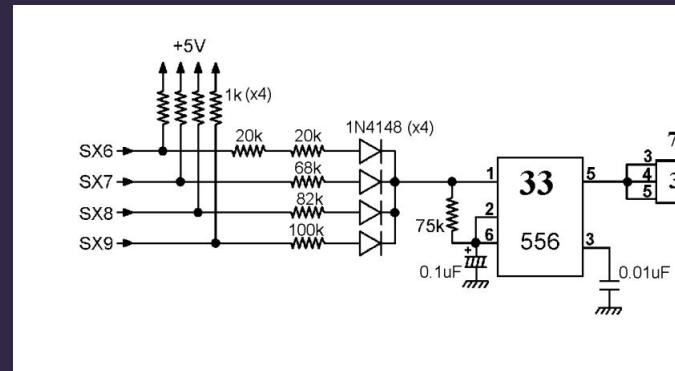
# Space Invaders Music Notes

34.9 Hz ~ C#1

30.0 Hz ~ B-0

28.1 Hz ~ A-0

25.8 Hz ~ G#0

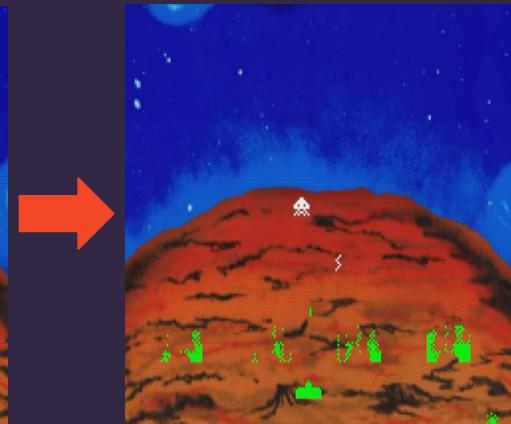


# Adaptive Tempo

- Tempo increases as gameplay gets faster
- Starts at 69 BPM and accelerates to 690 BPM (when shooting the final alien)



69 BPM



690 BPM

# Idea / Constraints

Taito audio engineer Michiyuki Kamei:

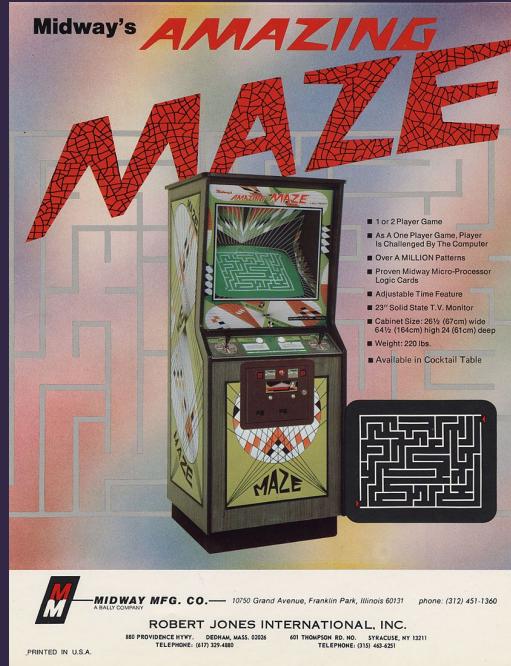
- Worked on 'Blue Shark' and 'Space Invaders' at the same time, around 4-5 months.
- Modified 'Blue Shark' sound board for 'Space Invaders' due to time pressure
- Shot sound has most components, because of its importance
- Music originally played at higher pitch, but was lowered to fit scary cabinet art. Inspired by John Williams' 'Jaws' theme (1975).
- Cabinet speakers broke from too much bass. Taito employees had to go and replace speakers with stronger ones.



*Was this the first music in video games?*

# The Amazing Maze Game

Listen to this and observe the gameplay



Title	:	The Amazing Maze Game
Year	:	1976
Platform	:	Arcade machine
Developer	:	Midway
Sound	:	Analog H/W Synthesis

# Question Time!

Two questions:

1. How were the tones selected?

# Question Time!

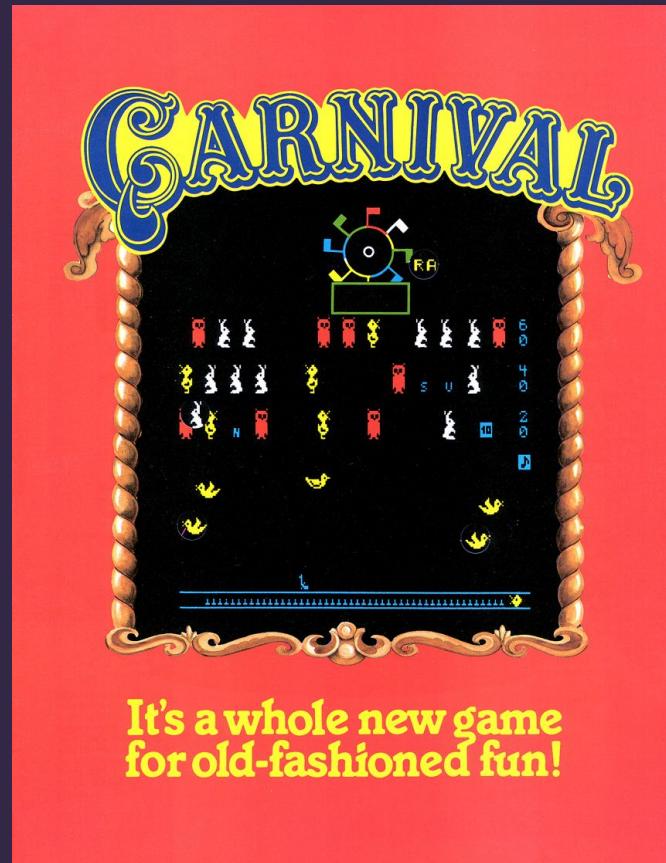
Two questions:

1. How were the tones selected?
2. Is this music?

If yes, this is possibly the first video game with music.

# Carnival Music

- General Instruments AY-3-8910 (1978)
- This is a Programmable Sound Generator (PSG)



*Are there more PSGs?*

# Programmable Sound Generators

- Fixed-function sound generation chips
- Digital hardware synthesis in a convenient chip



Title : AY-3-8910  
Year : 1978  
Developer : General Instruments  
Type : 3 x Square + noise  
Used in : Arcade games  
Intellivision (1979)  
Vectrex (1982)  
MSX (1983)  
Atari ST (1985)  
ZX Spectrum 128 (1985)



Title : 6581  
Year : 1982  
Developer : MOS Technology  
Type : Digital oscillators  
Analog filter  
Used in : Commodore 64



*Let's check out the AY...*

# AY-3-8910



Platform : MSX  
Year : 1983  
Developer : Microsoft/ASCII Corp  
Sound : AY-3-8910



Title : Xenon  
Year : 1980  
Platform : Pinball  
Developer : Bally  
Sound : Samples, AY-3-8910, mechanical



Title : Carnival  
Year : 1980  
Platform : Arcade machine  
Developer : Sega  
Sound : 2 x AY-3-8910

*Any other uses?*

# AY-3-8910



Platform : Atari ST  
Year : 1985  
Developer : Atari  
Sound : AY-3-8910



Platform : Intellivision  
Year : 1979  
Developer : Mattel  
Sound : AY-3-8910

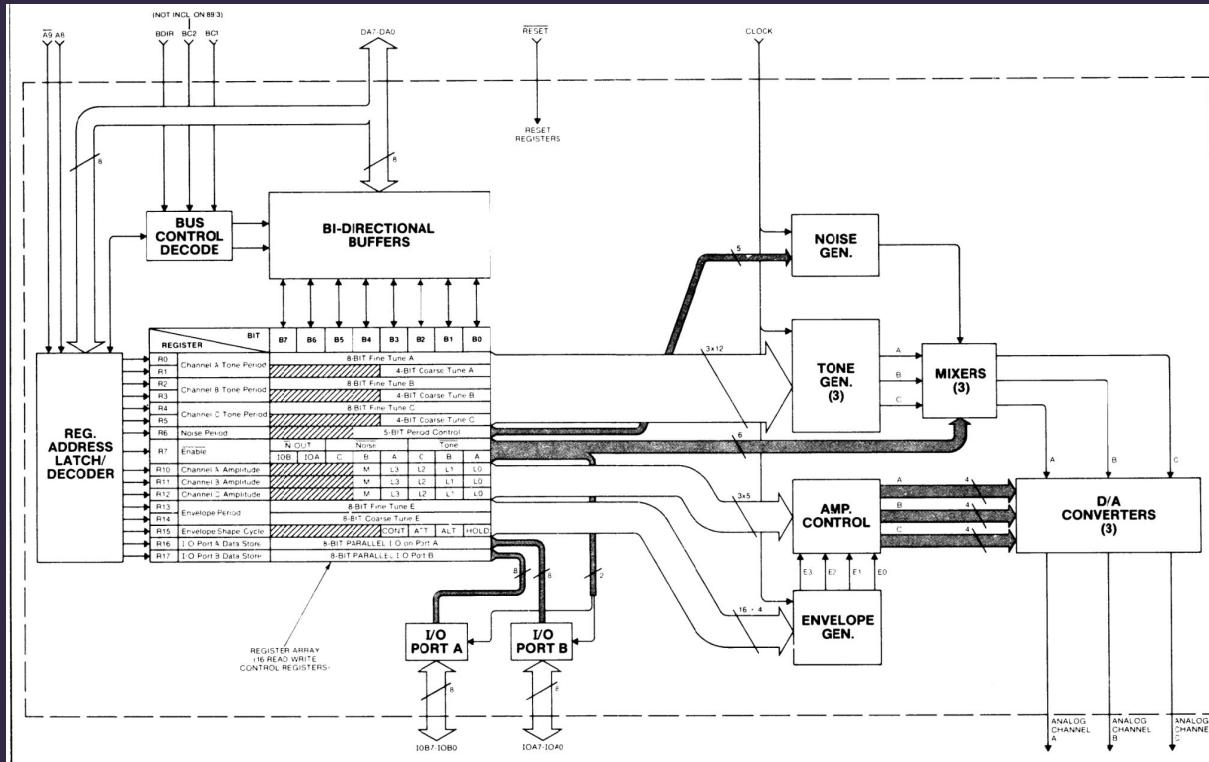


Platform : Vectrex  
Year : 1979  
Developer : General Consumer Electronics  
Sound : AY-3-8910

*How does it work?*

# AY-3-8910

- 3 square wave oscillators
- 12-bit frequency
- Amplitude control
- Fixed envelope shapes (can be envelopes or LFOs)
- Noise - 5-bit freq. control
- Fully digital, converts with built-in D/A converter



# L.E.D. Storm

Music by Tim Follin



Title	:	L.E.D. Storm
Year	:	1988
Platform	:	ZX Spectrum 128
Developer	:	Software Creations
Sound	:	AY-3-8910

# SID

The Commodore 64 is the best selling home computer in history (>12 million units)

SID chip designed by Bob Yannes, who later co-founded Ensoniq



Title	:	6581
Year	:	1982
Developer	:	MOS Technology
Type	:	Digital oscillators Analog filter
Used in	:	Commodore 64

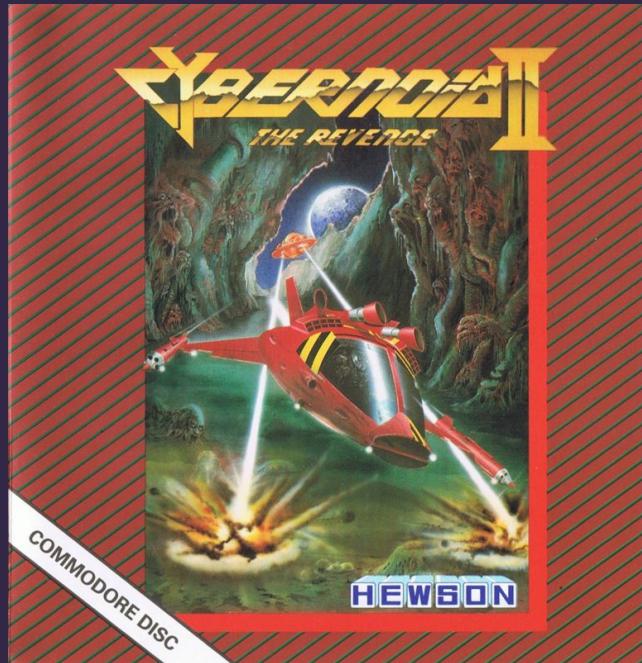
# Commodore 64 SID Chip

- 3 digitally controlled oscillators
- Selectable waveforms: pulse, triangle, saw, noise
- Can change waveform on the fly
- Ring modulation, oscillator sync
- Multimode filter: low-, high-, bandpass (6dB/12dB rolloff)
- 3 Envelope generators



# Cybernoid II: The Revenge

Music by Jeroen Tel



Title	:	Cybernoid II: The Revenge
Year	:	1988
Platform	:	Commodore 64
Developer	:	Hewson Consultants
Sound	:	SID

# Inventing Ambience

- Ambience was rarely used in arcade games, possibly because arcades tend to have their own loud ambience already.
- More common in home computer games
- More common in European games than US/Japanese games
- SID chip was capable of synthetic ambience



Title	:	Arctic Shipwreck
Year	:	1983
Platform	:	Commodore 64
Developer	:	F451 Software
Sound	:	SID

# Idea / Constraints

We can speculate about developer ideas:

- Ambiences simulating real world phenomena
- Waves, wind, thunder, crowd noise, room tones

Harsh constraints:

- SID chip has 3 oscillators and a filter for all sound
- Games need sound effects, so either ambience or music!

Expert composers wrote around the 3 voice limitation to make amazing music.

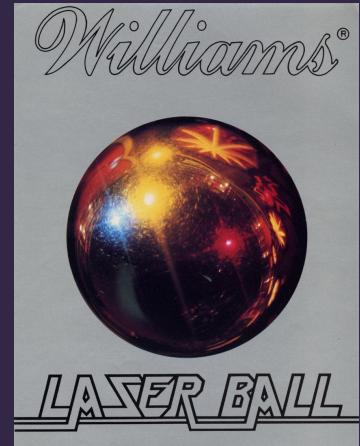
# Software Synthesis

- The availability of CPUs and ROM chips enabled software synthesis
- In the mid-1970s, arcade manufacturers started using CPUs

*Can the CPU be used to generate sound?*

# GWave

- Software synthesis sound board
- Eugene Jarvis created for 'Laser Ball' (1979)
- MC6800 CPU running code from ROM
- Renders 8-bit sound output



Title : Laser Ball  
Year : 1979  
Company : Williams  
Platform: Pinball  
Sound : Software synthesis

*How powerful is that CPU?*

# Laser Ball vs. Fairlight CMI



Laser Ball Sound Board (1979)

CPU: 1 x MC6800  
2 KB ROM  
128 B RAM

Output: Variable freq. 8-bit samples



Fairlight Computer Musical Instrument (1979)

CPU: 2 x MC6800  
8 \* 16 KB sample RAM  
64 KB system RAM

Output: 24 KHz 8-bit samples

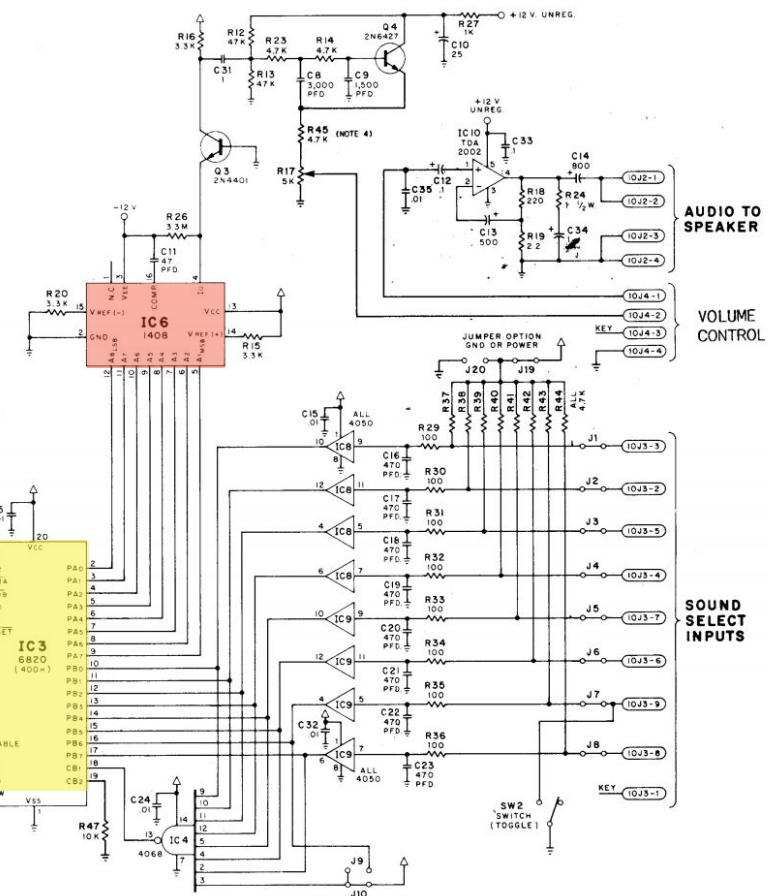
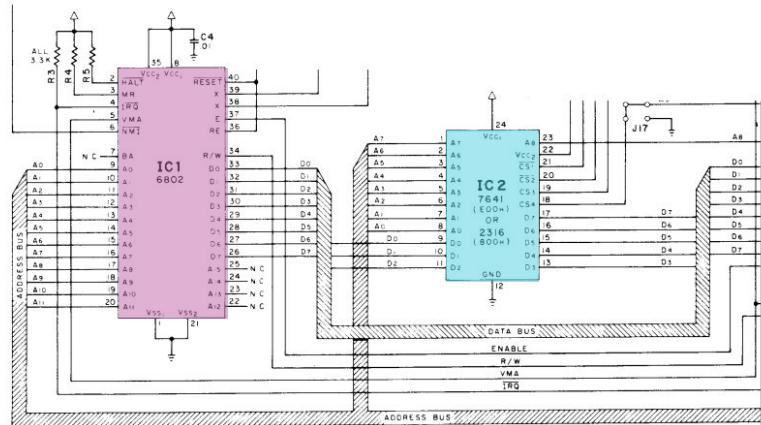
# GWave Sound Board

MC6802 Processor

MC1408 8-bit D/A converter

MC6821 Peripheral Interface Adapter

Harris 7641 PROM: 2048 bytes



# Defender

- Super-intense scrolling shooter from 1981
- Reused Laser Ball GWave sound board
- ROM was updated, new sounds



# Defender Sound ROM

2048 bytes for all Defender audio



*What's in that ROM?*

# Defender Sound ROM, 2048 bytes

FF 0F 8E 00 7F CE 04 00 6F 01 6F 03 86 FF A7 00 6F 02 86 37 A7 03 86 3C A7 01 97 09 4F 97 07 97 04 97 05 97 06 97 08 0E 20 FE 16 48 48 48 1B CE 00 13 DF 0F CE FD 76 BD  
FD 21 C6 09 7E FB 0A 96 1B B7 04 00 96 13 97 1C 96 14 97 1D DE 18 96 1C 73 04 00 09 27 10 4A 26 FA 73 04 00 96 1D 09 27 05 4A 26 FA 20 E8 B6 04 00 2B 01 43 8B 00 B7 04  
00 96 1C 9B 15 97 1C 96 1D 9B 16 97 1D 91 17 26 CB 96 1A 27 06 9B 13 97 13 26 B9 39 86 01 97 1A C6 03 20 0A 86 FE 97 1A 86 C0 6C 10 20 00 97 19 86 FF B7 04 00 D7 15 D6  
15 96 0A 44 44 44 98 0A 44 76 00 09 76 00 0A 24 03 73 04 00 96 19 4A 26 FD 5A 26 E5 96 19 9B 1A 97 19 26 DB 39 86 20 97 15 97 18 86 01 CE 00 01 C6 FF 20 00 97 13 DF 16  
D7 14 D6 15 96 0A 44 44 44 98 0A 44 76 00 09 76 00 0A 86 00 24 02 96 14 B7 04 00 DE 16 09 26 FD 5A 26 E1 D6 14 D0 13 27 09 DE 16 08 96 18 27 D0 20 CC 39 C6 01 D7 04 4F  
97 19 20 14 4F 97 19 C6 03 20 08 86 01 97 19 CE 03 E8 01 C6 FF 20 08 97 18 D7 13 DF 16 7F 00 15 DE 16 B6 04 00 16 54 54 54 D8 0A 54 76 00 09 76 00 0A D6 13 7D 00 19  
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27 11 DF 0B 84 0F 8B 9A 97 10 DE 0F A6 00 B7 04 00 20 DC 39 4F B7 04 00 97 11 4F 91 11 26 03 73 04 00 C6 12 5A 26 FD 4C 2A F1 73 04 00 7C 00 11 2A E8 39 CE 00 13 6F 00  
08 8C 00 1B 26 F8 86 40 97 13 CE 00 13 86 80 97 11 5F A6 01 AB 00 A7 01 2A 02 DB 11 74 00 11 08 08 8C 00 1B 26 EC F7 04 00 7C 00 12 26 DC CE 00 13 5F A6 00 27 0B 81 37  
26 04 C6 41 E7 02 6A 00 5C 08 08 8C 00 1B 26 EA 5D 26 BF 39 7A 00 08 89 11 CE FF AA A6 00 27 2D 7A 00 11 27 06 4C BD FD 21 20 F1 08 DF 0F BD FD 21 2D 0F DE  
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26 C1 96 07 26 46 96 16 27 42 7A 00 17 27 3D 9B 23 97 23 DE 1B 5F 96 23 7D 00 16 2B 06 AB 00 25 08 20 0B AB 00 27 02 25 05 5D 27 08 20 0F 5D 26 03 DF 1B 5C 08 9C 1D 26  
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27 02 D7 06 81 12 27 02 D7 07 F6 EF FD C1 7E 26 03 BD EF FD 4D 27 27 4A 81 0C 22 08 BD FB 81 BD FB E7 20 1A 81 1B 22 0E 80 0D 48 CE FD 58 8D 21 EE 00 AD 00 20 08 80 1C  
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00 27 01 3E 86 01 BD F8 2A BD F8 3F 6E EF FA C1 7E 26 DC BD EF FA 20 D7 FB 49 F9 13 FB 24 F8 8C FB 71 FB 1E F8 CD F8 94 F9 1C F9 23 F9 A6 F9 D4 F9 F3 FA 44 FA 84 40 01  
00 10 E1 00 80 FF FF 28 01 00 08 81 02 00 FF FF 28 81 00 FC 01 02 00 FC FF FF 01 00 18 41 04 80 00 FF 8C 5B B6 40 BF 49 A4 73 73 A4 49 BF 40 B6 5B 8C 0C 7F 1D 0F FB 7F  
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F8 23 0B 50 F8 1D 2F F2 F8 23 05 A8 F8 12 06 BA F8 04 07 FF 7C 37 04 C1 7C 23 05 A8 7C 12 06 BA 3E 04 07 FF 3E 37 04 C1 3E 23 05 A8 1F 12 06 BA 1F 04 07 FF 1F 37 04 C1  
1F 23 16 A0 FE 1D 17 F9 7F 37 13 06 7F 3F 08 FA FE 04 0F FF FE 0D 0E 41 FE 23 0B 50 FE 1D 5F E4 00 47 3F 37 30 29 23 1D 17 12 0D 08 04 08 7F D9 FF D9 7F 24 00 24 08 00  
40 80 00 FF 00 80 40 10 7F BD 09 F5 FF F5 D9 B0 7F 4E 24 09 00 09 24 4E 10 7F C5 EC E7 BF 8D 6D 6A 7F 94 92 71 40 17 12 39 10 FF FF FF FF 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF 00 00  
00 00 48 8A 95 A0 AB B5 BF C8 D1 DA E1 8E EE F3 F7 FB FD FE FF FD FB F7 E3 E8 E1 D4 D1 C8 BF 5B AB 09 8A 7F 75 6A 5F 54 4A 40 37 2E 25 1E 17 11 0C 08 04 02 01  
00 01 02 04 08 0C 11 17 1E 25 2E 37 40 4A 54 5F 6A 75 7F 10 59 7B 98 AC B3 AC 98 7B 59 37 19 06 00 06 19 37 81 24 00 00 00 16 31 12 05 1A FF 00 27 6D 11 05 11 01 0F 01  
47 11 31 00 01 00 0D 1B F4 12 00 00 00 14 47 41 45 00 00 00 0F 5B 21 35 11 FF 00 0D 1B 15 00 00 FD 00 01 69 31 11 00 01 00 03 6A 01 15 01 01 01 47 F6 53 03 00 02 06  
94 6A 10 02 00 02 06 9A 1F 12 00 FF 10 04 69 31 11 00 FF 00 0D 00 12 06 00 FF 01 09 28 A0 98 90 88 80 78 70 68 60 58 50 44 40 01 01 02 02 04 04 08 08 10 10 30 60 C0 E0  
01 01 02 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0C 80 7C 78 74 70 74 78 7C 80 01 01 02 02 04 04 08 08 10 20 28 30 38 40 48 50 60 70 80 A0 B0 C0 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 07  
08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 01 02 04 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0E 0F 10 12 14 16 40 10 08 01 01 01 02 02 03 03 04 04 05 06 08 0A 0C 10 14 18 20 30 40 50 40 30 20 10 0C 0A 08 07  
06 05 04 03 02 02 01 01 01 07 08 09 0A 0C 08 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 00 00 00 FC B6 F8 01 FD 2F F8 01

*what is this madness?*

# Defender Sound ROM Map



*Can we see this while the game is running?*

# defendemu

- Wrote Defender sound board emulator in 2015
- Emulated just enough of the MC6800 instruction set for a few sounds to play
- Active memory is highlighted

## *What was the Defender sound designer thinking?*

# Idea / Constraints

*On this game the memory was only 512 bytes for all program and data. It was this extreme memory crunch that inspired the Gwave wave table synthesizer. By storing a waveform (sine, square, triangle, etc.) in 4-64 bytes, and then a frequency table of 10-20 bytes, a sound could be characterized by a few bytes. To get further mileage, echo, distortion, LFO, and white noise systems were also employed at a cost of only a few extra bytes.*

*[..] the most brilliant sounds were often created by typing in random numbers for the parameters. Often incredible sounds were generated by inputting mathematically undefined values, such as echoing a sound "0" times. The crudeness and lack of bounds checking of the program allowed for mathematical wraparound and error accumulation that sounded ethereal.*



# COCOON

- Synthesized ambient music
- Was this even possible?
- Defender was the main inspiration



*What were my thoughts at the time?*

# Reverse Idea/Constraints Dialogue

- My constraints were chosen willingly
- The ideas came out of the constraints
- Constraints led to artistic framework for music and sound design

# COCOON Artistic Framework

Ambient music

Real-time synthesized ambient music for puzzle gameplay

Vignettes

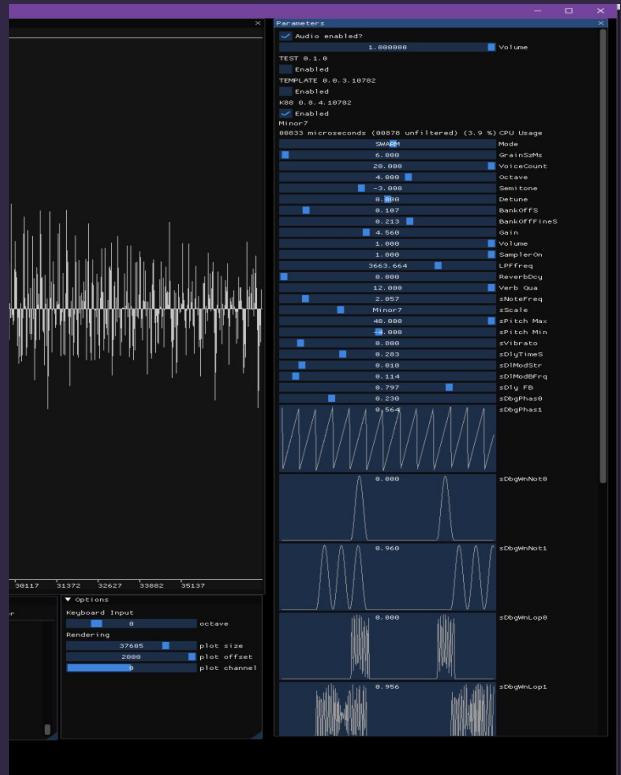
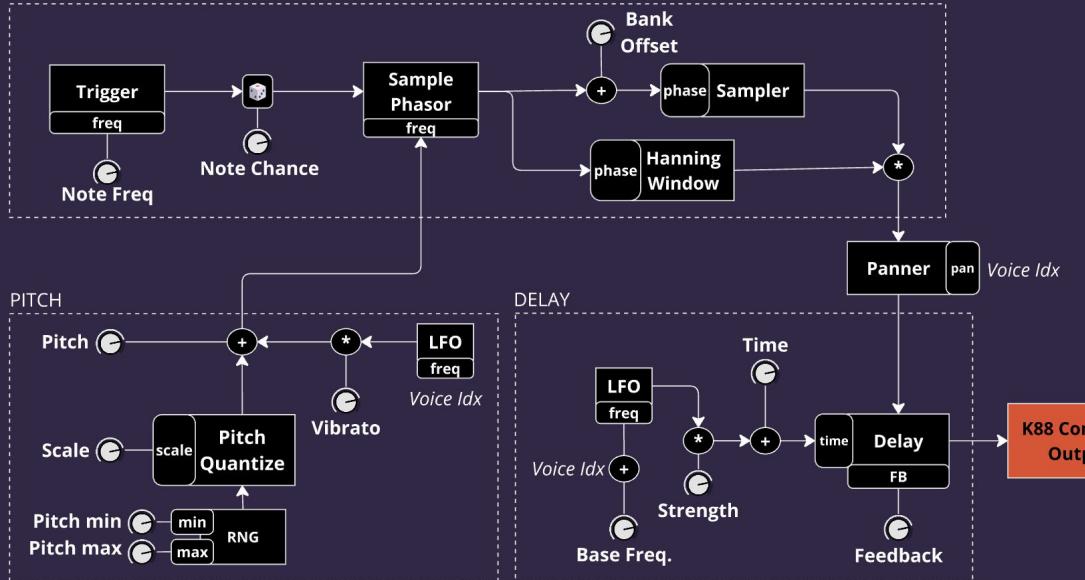
Pre-rendered synthetic music vignettes for big moments

Sound design

Pre-rendered synthetic sounds for all sound design

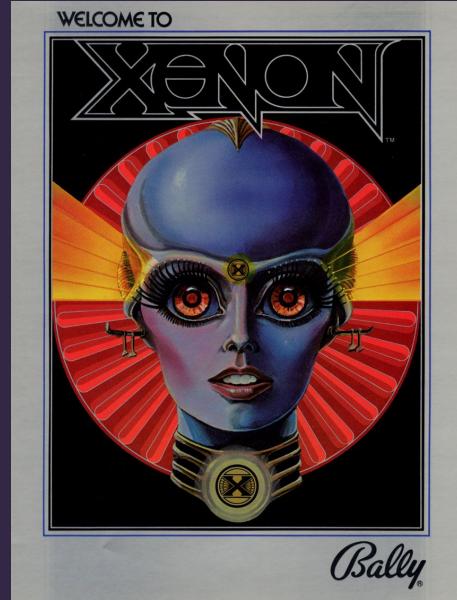
# COCOON Synth Development

## GRAIN SAMPLING



# Sampling

- Sample ROMs unrealistic during the 1970s due to cost
- From around 1980, expensive hardware was able to support sampling



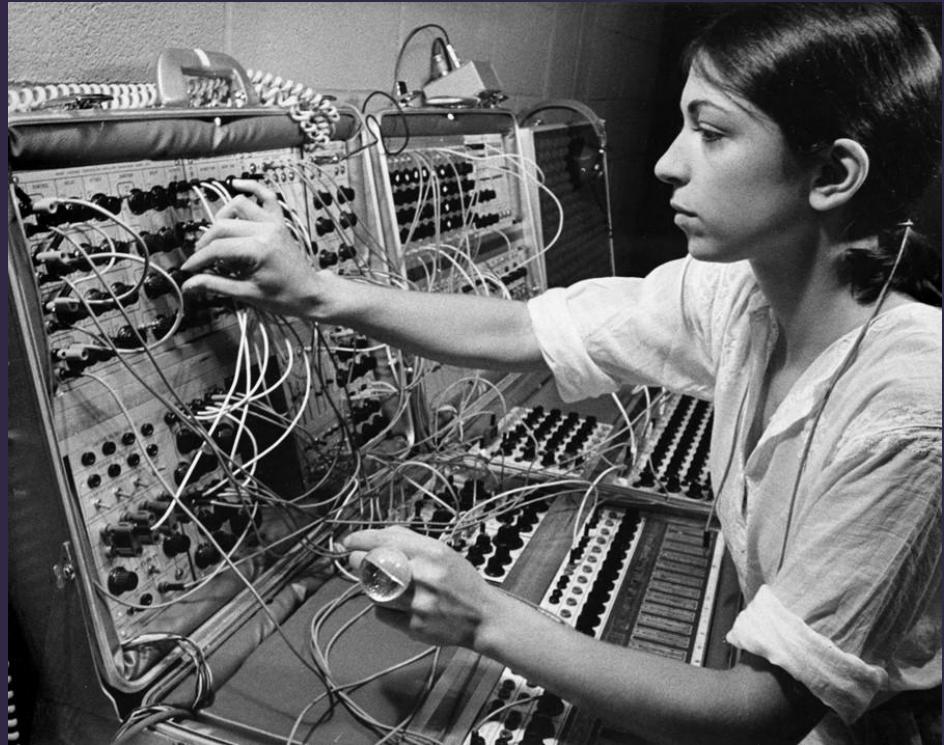
Title	:	Xenon
Year	:	1980
Platform	:	Pinball
Developer	:	Bally
Sound	:	Samples, AY-3-8910, mechanical

What is Xenon?

# Xenon

Very ambitious pinball machine project  
by Bally Manufacturing.

Sound design and music by  
Suzanne Ciani



# Three Different Audio Types

Xenon had 3 different types of audio tech:

- MC6802 and 7 ROM chips (40 KB in total including other data) for voice samples and sampled adaptive music
- Programmable Sound Generator (AY-3-8910) for sound effects
- Physical mechanical sounds: ball, flippers, bumpers

# Idea / Constraints

*The idea of using short grunts and groans came to me when I watched people play the game. The way people expressed their frustrations or their involvement with the game, and I wanted the game to [...] talk back to the people playing.*

*The sound was designed to support the emotional levels and to be responsive to all the pinball gestures. [...] I saw that players were "performing" the game and thus the music!*

*The biggest challenge was how small the chip was, but limitations always inspire solutions. I was also the first female voice in a pinball game [...]*



## THE INDUSTRY'S MOST SOPHISTICATED VOICE PACKAGE ENERGIZES PLAYERS

From "Welcome to Xenon" the incredibly alluring Xenon girl instructs on shots, gives information on ball entries and entices players to "Try Xenon Again." The first female voice in the industry complements the intensity—building background sounds and the game's exciting stroboscopic infinity backbox. Xenon volume control is now conveniently located in the front door.



# Inventing Voice Acting

What if you want voice acting but cheap  
out on sampling hardware?

# Inventing Voice Acting

What if you want voice acting but cheap out on sampling hardware?

<b>Title</b>	: Shark Attack
<b>Year</b>	: 1980
<b>Platform</b>	: Arcade
<b>Developer</b>	: Pacific Novelty
<b>Sound</b>	: 2 x AY-3-8910 + ?



**GPI** Game Plan, Inc.  
1515 Fullerton Ave. Addison, IL 60101  
Phone: 312/628-8200 Telex: 20-6998

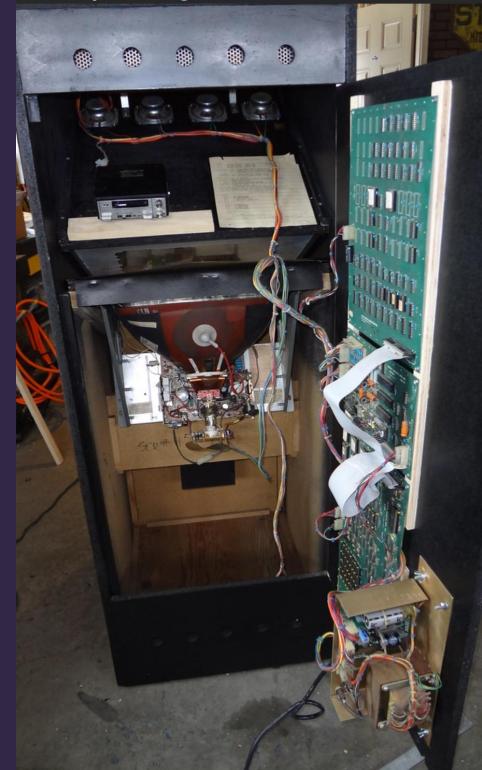
Form No. 6-81-1211-25M

Printed in U.S.A.

# Tapes

You stick a car stereo cassette tape player with auto reverse into your game

and enable/disable it from game logic



# Idea / Constraints Dialogue

In the 1970-1980s game developers invented new types of audio for the medium:

- sound effects
- adaptive and interactive music
- ambience
- voice acting

# Idea / Constraints Dialogue

The era imposed harsh time and hardware constraints on developers

But still, we saw developers:

- invent quick, effective solutions (Pong, Space Invaders)
- create new sound hardware from scratch (Carnival, Space Invaders)
- use/abuse limited hardware to create realistic sounds and great music (AY-3-8910, C64 SID)
- experiment with quirks, errors and limitations to create new sounds (Defender)
- create a sonic dialogue between human and machine (Xenon)
- stick a cassette player in an arcade cabinet (Shark Attack)

# 1980 vs. 2026

1980

Huge variety in sound reproduction technology

2026

Homogeneity in sound reproduction technology:

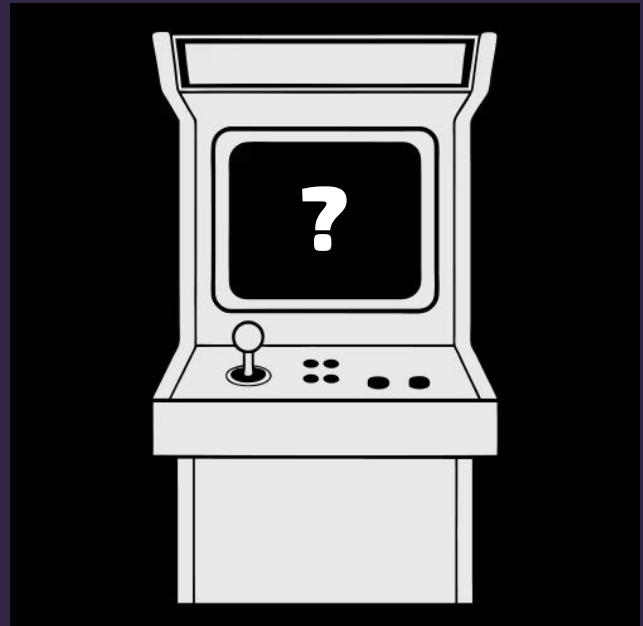
Digital software synthesis  
(e.g. Wwise, FMOD, etc.)

However, huge variety in sound production techniques

# Thought Experiment

So, it's 1980 and you're designing an arcade machine.  
What hardware are you using for sound?

- Mechanical sound
- Digital hardware synthesis
- Analog synthesis
- Programmable sound generators
- Software synthesis
- ROM samples
- Tapes



*What will you choose?*

# Questions?

Thank you!

Web

[cocoongame.com](http://cocoongame.com)

E-mail

[jakob@schmid.dk](mailto:jakob@schmid.dk)

Bluesky

[@schmid.dk](https://bluesky.social/@schmid.dk)

x.com

[@jakobschmid](https://x.com/@jakobschmid)

Slides will be here

[schmid.dk/talks](http://schmid.dk/talks)



AVAILABLE NOW ON



**schmid-gap26-2026-01-21-1519.pdf**













# HIT SOUND: Ball-Bat Collision

What will be rendered where the electron gun is located?

/HVID: inside ball pixel

/VVID: inside ball pixel

PAD2: Inside player 2 paddle pixel

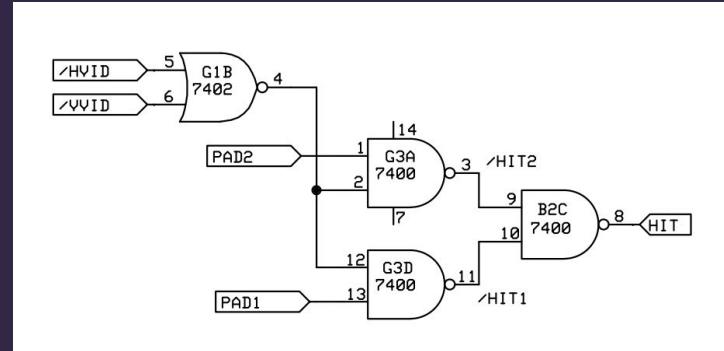
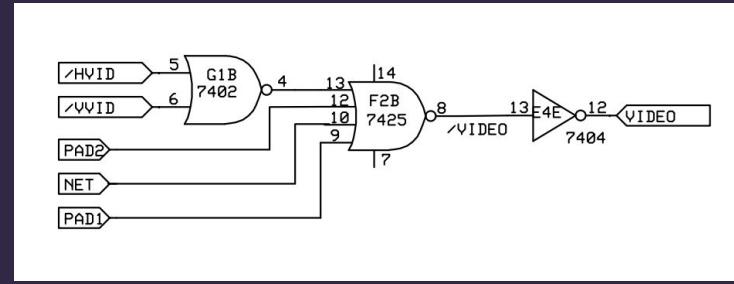
NET: Inside net pixel

PAD1: Inside player 1 paddle pixel

Are we inside the ball? (/HVID and /VVID)

Are we inside a paddle? (PAD2 or PAD1)

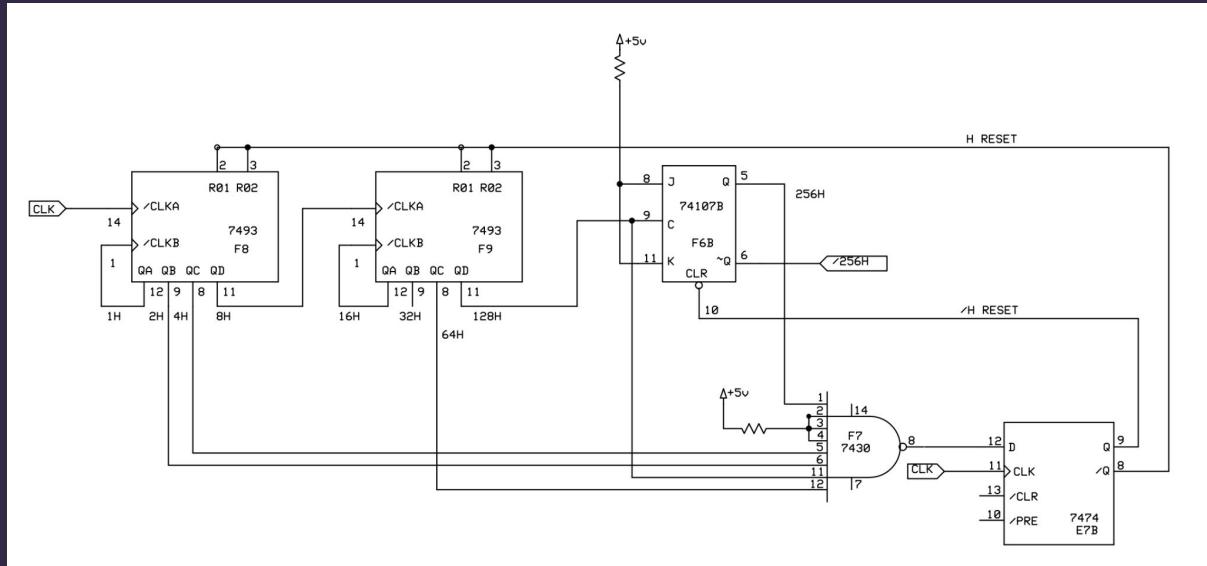
If both are in the same pixel, we have a HIT



# HSYNC

CLK is used as input for two 7493 4-bit counters and a 74107 flip flop, acts as 9-bit counter  
Counts up to 454, then resets and sends HRESET, which later is used to generate HSYNC  
HRESET occurs every 455 CLKs  $\sim$  15.73 KHz

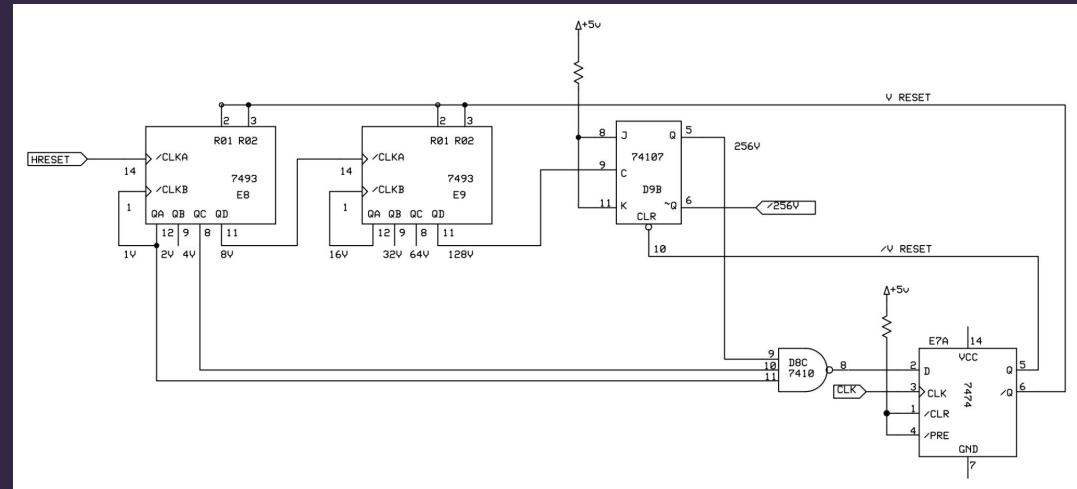
What about VSYNC?



# VSYNC

HRESET is used as input for another set of 4-bit counters and a flip flop, acts as 9-bit counter  
Counts up to 261, then resets and sends VRESET, which later is used to generate VSYNC  
It also outputs 32V, which generates the SCORE sound

*So what does 32V look like?*



32V

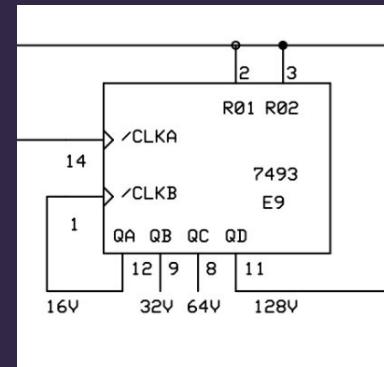
HRESET is a sequence of pulses

The 7493 chip counts, but we use the 2nd binary digit QB, which is a square wave

The frequency of 32V is  $F(\text{HRESET})/64 = 245.8 \text{ Hz}$

*Is it a perfect square wave?*

'93A, 'L93, 'LS93 COUNT SEQUENCE (See Note C)				
COUNT	OUTPUT			
	Q <sub>D</sub>	Q <sub>C</sub>	Q <sub>B</sub>	Q <sub>A</sub>
0	L	L	L	L
1	L	L	L	H
2	L	L	H	L
3	L	L	H	H
4	L	H	L	L
5	L	H	L	H
6	L	H	H	L
7	L	H	H	H
8	H	L	L	L
9	H	L	L	H
10	H	L	H	L
11	H	L	H	H
12	H	H	L	L
13	H	H	L	H
14	H	H	H	L
15	H	H	H	H



# 32V

HRESET is a sequence of pulses

The 7493 chip counts, but we use the 2nd binary digit QB, which is a square wave

The frequency of 32V is  $F(\text{HRESET})/64 = 245.8 \text{ Hz}$

It resets after 262 CLKs, making it glitchy

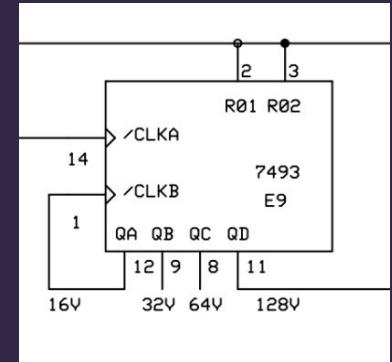
So, to summarize ...

pulse len 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32+4 32

counter 0 32 64 96 128 160 192 224 256

0 32

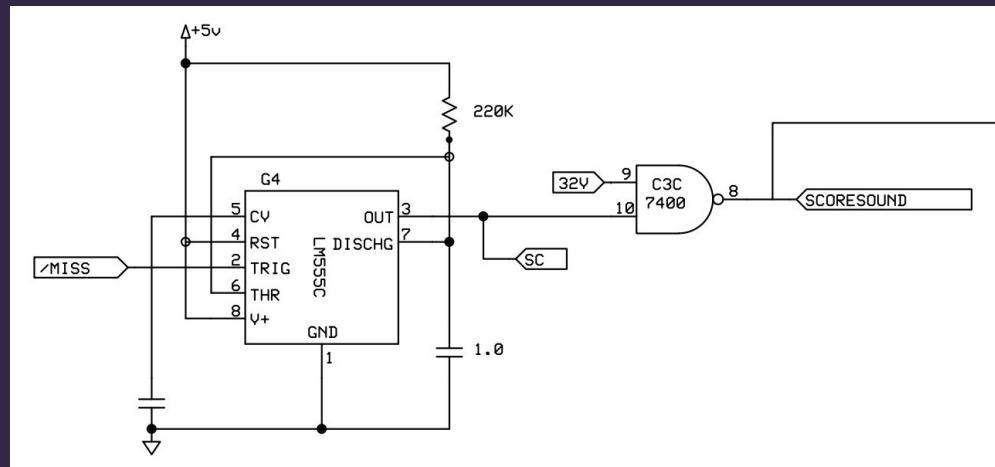
COUNT	OUTPUT			
	Q <sub>D</sub>	Q <sub>C</sub>	Q <sub>B</sub>	Q <sub>A</sub>
0	L	L	L	L
1	L	L	L	H
2	L	L	H	L
3	L	L	H	H
4	L	H	L	L
5	L	H	L	H
6	L	H	H	L
7	L	H	H	H
8	H	L	L	L
9	H	L	L	H
10	H	L	H	L
11	H	L	H	H
12	H	H	L	L
13	H	H	L	H
14	H	H	H	L
15	H	H	H	H



# SCORE Sound

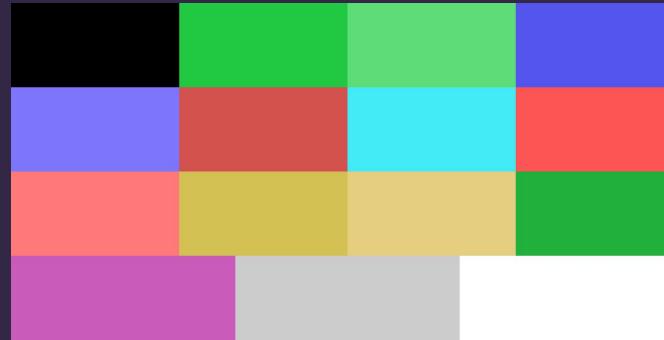
What is the 32V signal?

A glitchy 245.8 Hz square wave.



# TMS9918

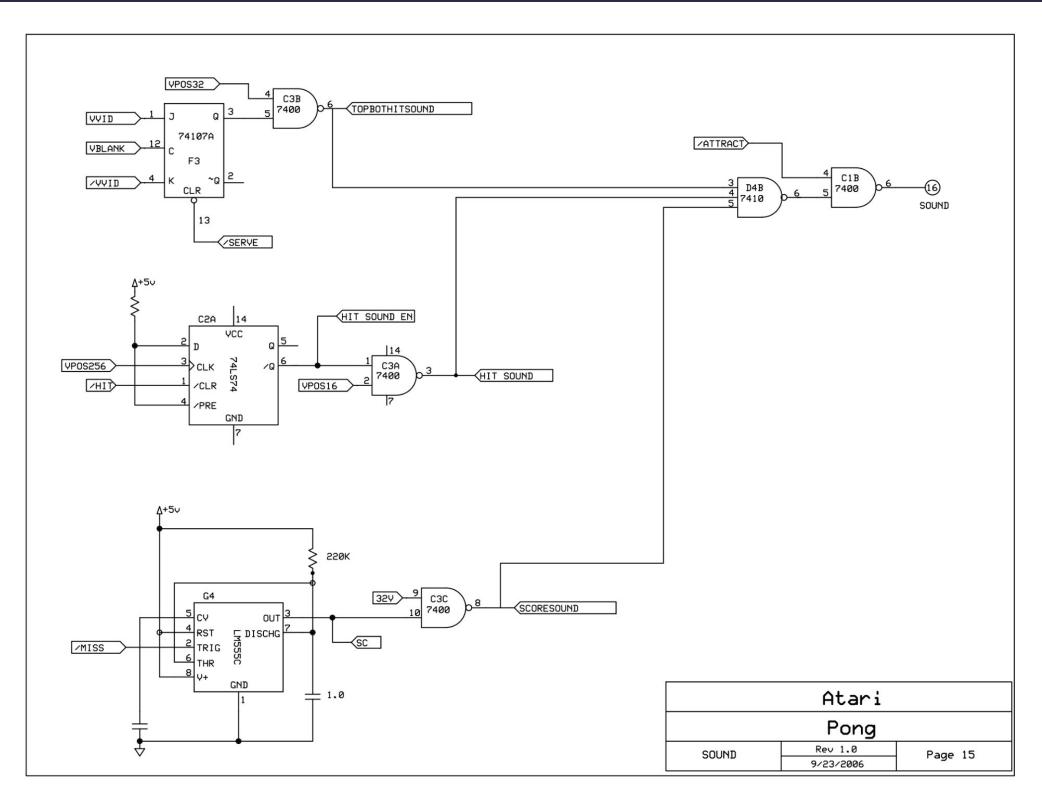
256x192 resolution with 15-color fixed palette  
32 single-color sprites



Title	:	Sega-Galaga
Platform	:	SG-1000
Year	:	1984
Developer	:	Namco (port by Sega)

# Sound Circuits

- We see 3 sound circuits, one for each sound
- Digitally mixed together
- Muted by ATTRACT mode
- Sent directly to loudspeaker



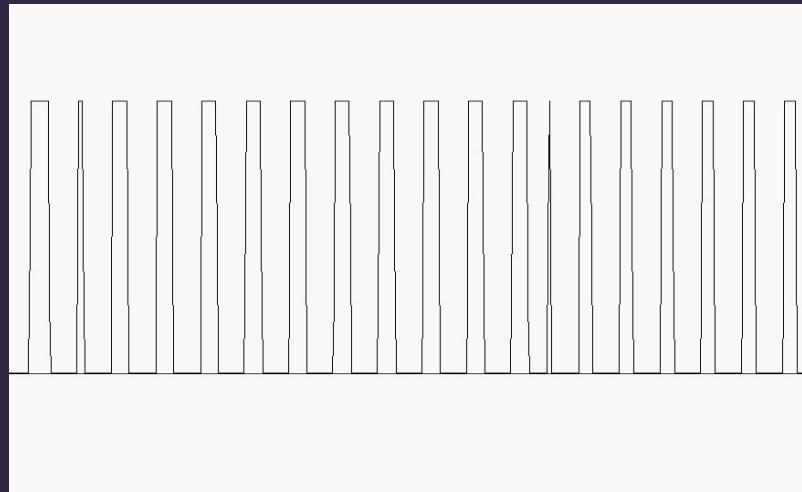
*Let's look at SCORE sound...*

# Defender Boot Sound, 98 bytes

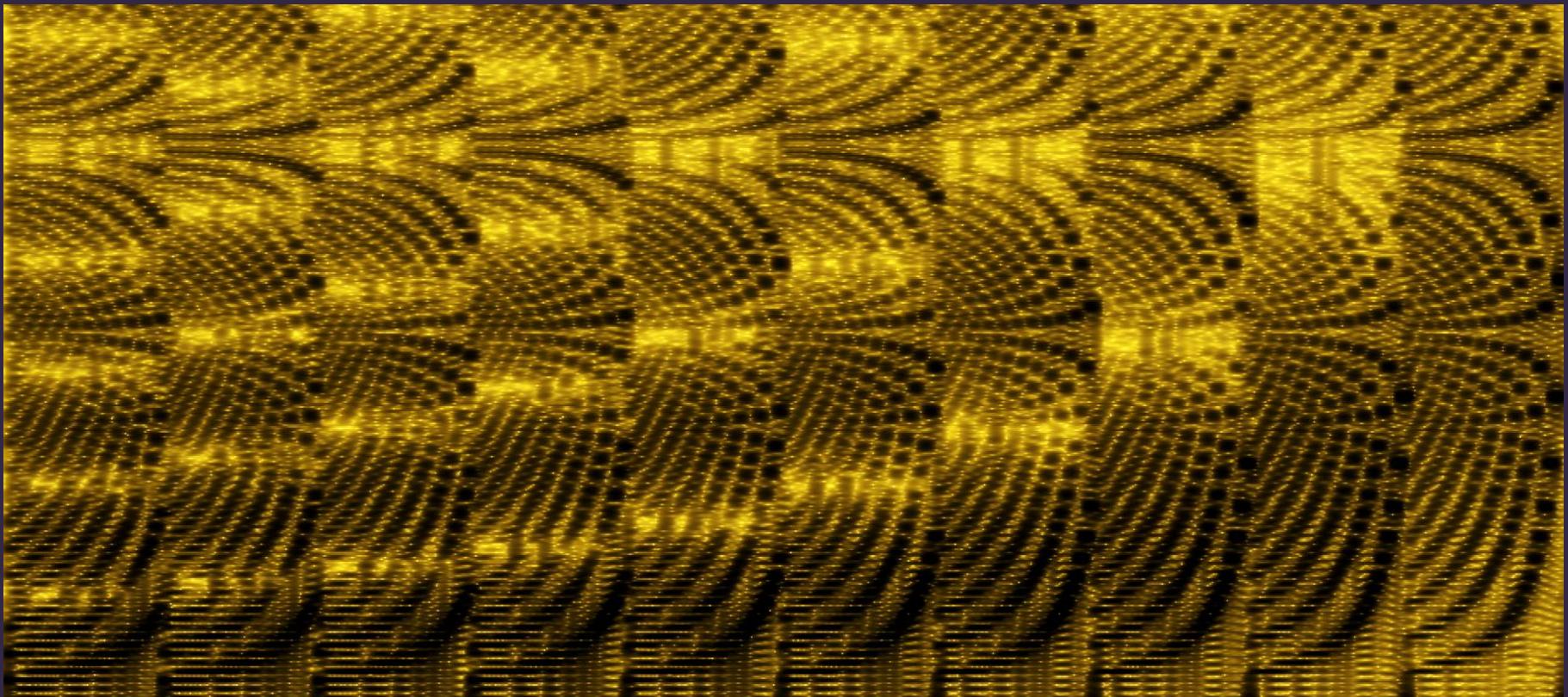
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FD 21 C6 09 7E FB 0A 96 1B B7 04 00 96 13 97 1C 96 14 97 1D DE 18 96 1C 73 04 00 09 27 10 4A 26 FA 73 04 00 96 1D 09 27 05 4A 26 FA 20 E8 B6 04 00 2B 01 43 8B 00 B7 04
00 96 1C 9B 15 97 1C 96 1D 9B 16 97 1D 91 17 26 CB 96 1A 27 06 9B 13 97 13 26 B9 39 86 01 97 1A C6 03 20 0A 86 FE 97 1A 86 C0 C6 10 20 00 97 19 86 FF B7 04 00 D7 15 D6
15 96 0A 44 44 44 98 0A 44 76 00 09 76 00 0A 24 03 73 04 00 96 19 4A 26 FD 5A 26 E5 96 19 9B 1A 97 19 26 DB 39 86 20 97 15 97 18 86 01 CE 00 01 C6 FF 20 00 97 13 DF 16
D7 14 D6 15 96 0A 44 44 44 98 0A 44 76 00 09 76 00 0A 86 00 24 02 96 14 B7 04 00 DE 16 09 26 FD 5A 26 E1 D6 14 D0 13 27 09 DE 16 08 96 18 27 D0 20 CC 39 C6 01 D7 04 4F
97 19 20 14 4F 97 19 C6 03 20 0D 86 01 97 19 CE 03 E8 86 01 C6 FF 20 00 97 18 D7 13 DF 16 7F 00 15 DE 16 B6 04 00 16 54 54 54 54 D8 0A 54 76 00 09 76 00 0A D6 13 7D 00 19
27 02 D4 09 D7 14 D6 15 91 0A 22 12 09 27 26 B7 04 00 DB 15 99 14 25 16 91 0A 23 F0 20 10 09 27 14 B7 04 00 D0 15 92 14 25 04 91 0A 22 F0 96 0A B7 04 00 20 B9 D6 18 27
B5 96 13 D6 15 44 56 44 56 44 50 82 FF DB 15 99 13 D7 15 97 13 26 98 C1 07 26 94 39 86 FD 97 0F CE 00 64 DF 0B DB 0C 96 11 99 0B 97 11 DE 0B 25 04 20 00 20 03 08
27 11 DF 0B 84 0F 8B 9A 97 10 DE 0F A6 00 B7 04 00 20 DC 39 4F B7 04 00 97 11 4F 91 11 26 03 73 04 00 C6 12 5A 26 FD 4C 2A F1 73 04 00 7C 00 11 2A E8 39 CE 00 13 6F 00
08 8C 00 1B 26 F8 86 40 97 13 CE 00 13 86 80 97 11 5F A6 01 AB 00 A7 01 2A 02 DB 11 74 00 11 08 8C 00 1B 26 EC F7 04 00 7C 00 12 26 DC CE 00 13 5F A6 00 27 0B 81 37
26 04 C6 41 E7 02 DA 00 5C 08 8C 00 1B 26 EA 5D 26 BF 39 7A 00 08 39 7F 00 08 97 11 CE FD AA A6 00 27 2D 7A 00 11 27 06 4C BD FD 21 20 F1 08 DF 0F BD FD 21 DF 0D DE
0F A6 00 97 15 A6 01 EE 02 DF 13 8D 3E DE 0F 08 08 08 08 DF 0F 9C 0D 26 E8 7E FD 0E 86 03 97 08 39 7A 00 08 27 0C D6 15 58 58 58 58 1B 97 15 4F 20 FE 4A 81 0B 23 01 4F
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DD E7 02 DE 13 4F F6 00 12 5C D7 12 D4 15 54 89 00 54 89 00 54 89 00 54 89 00 54 89 00 1B 48 48 48 48 B7 04 00 09 27 03 7E 00 16 39 36 A6 00 0F DF 0D DE
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26 C1 96 07 26 46 96 16 27 42 7A 00 17 27 3D 9B 23 97 23 DE 1B 5F 96 23 7D 00 16 2B 06 AB 00 25 08 20 0B AB 00 27 02 25 05 5D 27 08 20 0F 5D 26 03 DF 1B 5C 08 9C 1D 26
DD 5D 26 01 39 DF 1D 96 15 27 06 8D 08 96 1A 8D 16 7E FB E7 39 CE 00 24 DF 0F DE 18 E6 00 08 BD FB 0A DE 0F DF 1F 39 4D 27 2B DE 18 DF 0D CE 00 24 97 12 DF 0F DE 0D D6
12 D7 11 E6 01 54 54 54 54 08 DF 0D DE 0F A6 00 10 7A 00 11 26 FA A7 00 08 9C 1F 26 DE 39 8E 00 7F B6 04 02 0E 43 84 1F D6 08 27 09 2A 03 BD FA 48 4A BD FA 89 5F 81 0E
27 02 D7 06 81 12 27 02 D7 07 F6 EF FD C1 7E 26 03 BD EF FD 4D 27 27 4A 81 0C 22 08 BD FB 81 BD FB E7 20 1A 81 1B 22 0E 80 0D 48 CE FD 58 8D 21 EE 00 AD 00 20 08 80 1C
BD F8 2A BD F8 3F 96 04 9A 05 27 FE 4F 97 07 96 04 27 03 7E F9 13 7E FB 34 DF 0D 98 0E 97 0E 24 03 7C 00 0D DE 0D 39 0F 8E 00 7F CE FF F5 E9 00 09 8C F8 00 26 F8 E1
00 27 01 3E 86 01 BD F8 2A BD F8 3F F6 EF FA C1 7E 26 DC BD EF FA 20 D7 FB 49 F9 13 FB 24 F8 8C FB 71 FB 1E F8 CD F8 94 F9 1C F9 23 F9 A6 F9 D4 F9 F3 FA 44 FA 84 40 01
00 10 E1 00 80 FF FF 28 01 00 08 81 02 00 FF FF 28 81 00 FC 01 02 00 FC FF FF 01 00 18 41 04 80 00 FF 8C 5B B6 40 BF 49 A4 73 73 A4 49 BF 40 B6 5B 8C 0C 7F 1D 0F FB 7F
23 0F 15 FE 08 50 8B 88 3E 3F 02 3E 7C 04 03 FF 3E 3F 2C E2 7C 12 0D 74 7C 0D 0E 41 7C 23 0B 50 7C 1D 29 F2 7C 3F 02 3E F8 04 03 FF 7C 3F 2C E2 F8 12 0D 74 F8 0D 0E 41
F8 23 0B 50 F8 1D 2F F2 F8 23 05 A8 F8 12 06 BA F8 04 07 FF 7C 37 04 C1 7C 23 05 A8 7C 12 06 BA 3E 04 07 FF 3E 37 04 C1 3E 23 05 A8 1F 12 06 BA 1F 04 07 FF 1F 37 04 C1
1F 23 16 A0 FE 1D 17 F9 7F 37 13 06 7F 3F 08 FA FE 04 0F FF FE 0D 0E 41 FE 23 0B 50 FE 1D 5F E4 00 47 3F 37 30 29 23 1D 17 12 0D 08 04 08 7F D9 FF D9 7F 24 00 24 08 00
40 80 00 FF 00 80 40 10 7F B0 D9 F5 FF F5 D9 B0 7F 4E 24 09 00 09 24 4E 10 7F C5 EC E7 BF 8D 6D 6A 7F 94 72 71 40 17 12 39 10 FF FF FF FF 00 00 00 FF FF FF 00 00 00
00 00 48 8A 95 A0 AB B5 BC F8 C1 D1 DA E1 E8 EE F3 F7 FB FD FE FF FE FD FB F7 F3 EE E8 E1 DA D1 C8 BF B5 AB 0A 95 8A 7F 75 6A 5F 54 4A 40 37 2E 25 1E 17 11 0C 08 04 02 01
00 01 02 04 08 0C 11 17 1E 25 2E 37 40 4A 54 5F 6A 75 7F 10 59 7B 98 AC 98 7B 59 37 19 06 00 06 19 37 81 24 00 00 00 16 31 12 05 1A FF 00 27 6D 11 05 11 01 0F 01
47 11 31 00 01 00 0D 1B F4 12 00 00 00 14 47 41 45 00 00 0F 5B 21 35 11 FF 00 0D 1B 15 00 00 FD 00 01 69 31 11 00 01 00 03 6A 01 15 01 01 01 47 F6 53 03 00 02 06
94 6A 10 02 00 02 06 9A 1F 12 00 FF 10 04 69 31 11 00 FF 00 0D 00 12 06 00 FF 01 09 28 A0 98 90 88 80 78 70 68 60 58 50 44 40 01 01 02 04 08 08 10 10 30 60 C0 E0
01 01 02 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0C 80 7C 78 74 70 74 78 7C 80 01 01 02 04 04 08 08 10 20 28 30 38 40 48 50 60 70 80 A0 B0 C0 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 08 07
08 40 08 40 08 40 08 40 01 02 04 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0E 0F 10 12 14 16 40 10 08 01 01 01 02 02 03 03 04 04 05 06 08 0A 0C 10 14 18 20 30 40 50 40 30 20 10 0C 0A 08 07
06 05 04 03 02 02 01 01 01 07 08 09 0A 0C 08 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 00 00 00 FC B6 F8 01 FD 2F F8 01
```

# Boot Sound Loop Disassembled

```
lda  $1B      ; A = volume (always 255)
sta $0400    ; output A to DAC
loop:
com $0400    ; invert DAC output
              ; - alternates between 0
              ;   and 255
...
              ; variable delay
              ; i.e. pulse-width modulation
bra  loop      ; goto loop
```



# What We Hear



# Sound in Marketing

A photograph of a pinball machine's playfield artwork. The central theme is a futuristic, space-themed girl with a large, multi-eyed headpiece and a glowing central eye. She is surrounded by a circular, multi-layered structure of red and blue light rays. The word "XENON" is prominently displayed in large, metallic letters above her head. The playfield features several digital score displays showing "4365440", "4514090", "1421860", and "1651800".

THE INDUSTRY'S MOST  
SOPHISTICATED VOICE PACKAGE  
ENERGIZES PLAYERS

From "Welcome to Xenon" the incredibly alluring Xenon girl instructs on shots, gives information on ball entries and entices players to "Try Xenon Again." The first female voice in the industry complements the intensity—building background sounds and the game's exciting stroboscopic infinity backbox. Xenon volume control is now conveniently located in the front door.

A close-up photograph of the pinball machine's control panel. It shows several orange and black plastic bumpers, a blue and white flipper, and a clear plastic ball return area. The panel is dark with various buttons and switches visible.