

# COCOON

Game Audio Playthrough Nov. 2023

# What is COCOON?

A puzzle adventure game

Geometric Interactive

Director:

Jeppe Carlsen

Art director:

Erwin Kho

Production time: 6.5 years

# cocoon



# COCOON Audio Team

Audio direction / music:

Jakob Schmid

Sound design:

Julian Lentz

Mikkel Anttila



# Music Concept

Generative music using real-time synthesis

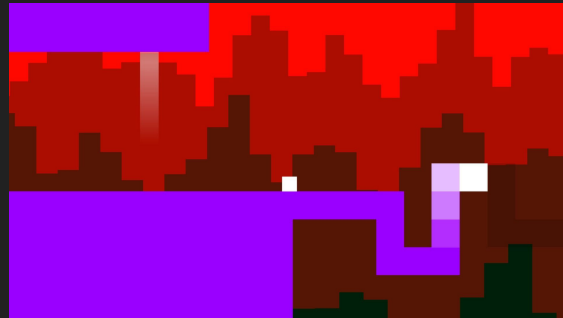
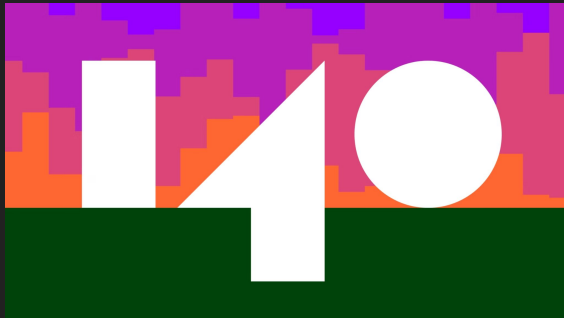
- Loop free during 'thinking breaks'
- Unique soundtrack for each player



# Sound Design Concept

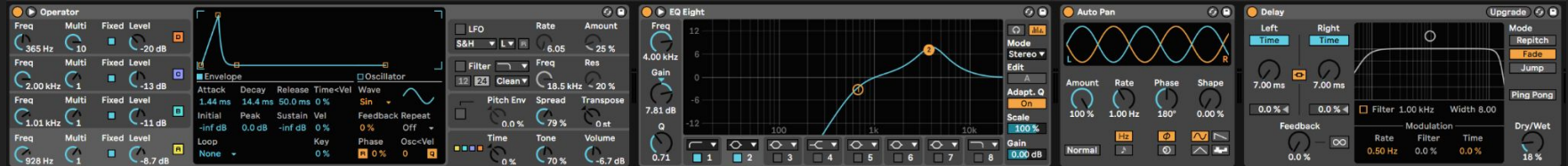
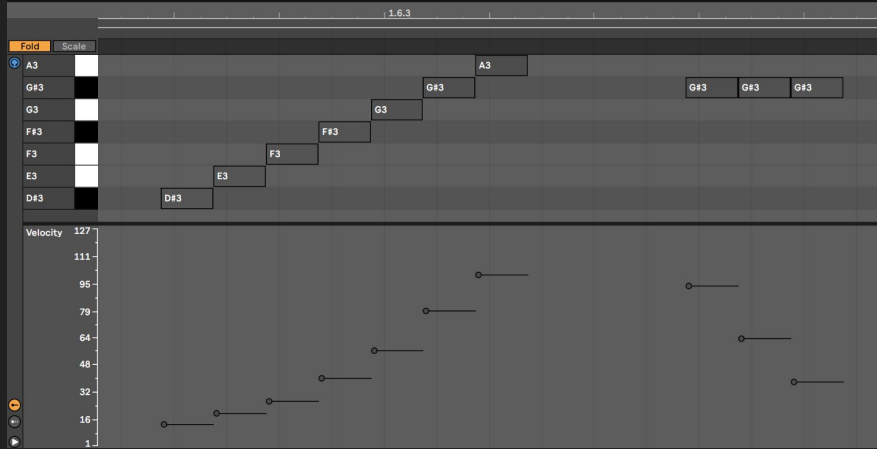
Synthetic sound design - no recorded sound!

- Fits aesthetics of generative music
- Fits Erwin's art style: artificial but alive
- Familiar process from '140'



# Synthetic Sound Design Experiments

Frogs, footsteps, portals





# Sound Designers Needed!

## Synthetic sound design

- Challenging and fun
- Slow process
- I needed help!



And now ... Julian

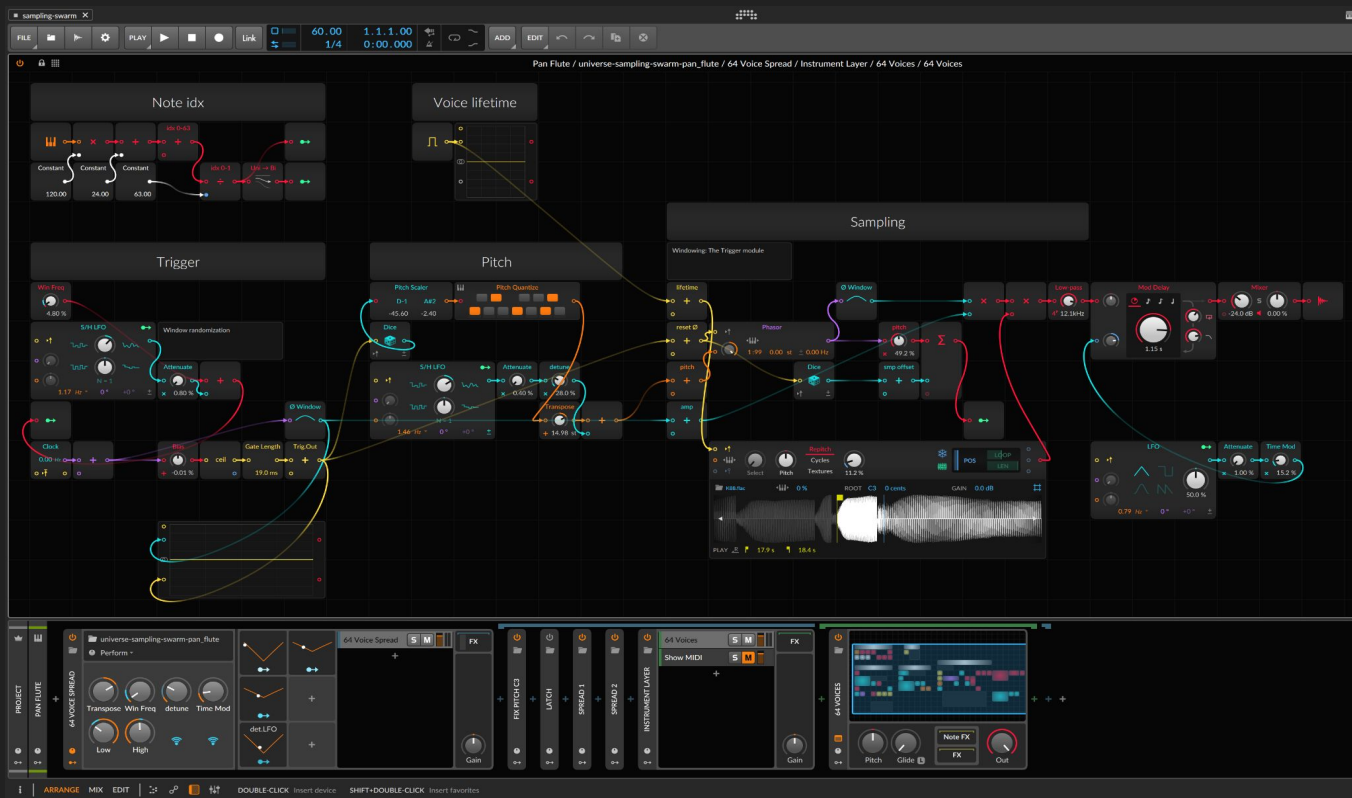




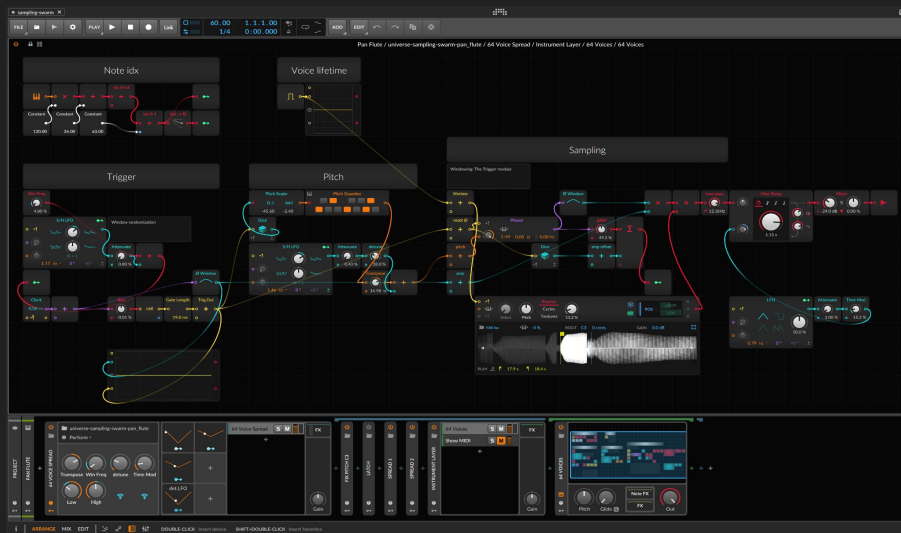
# Real-time Synthesized Music



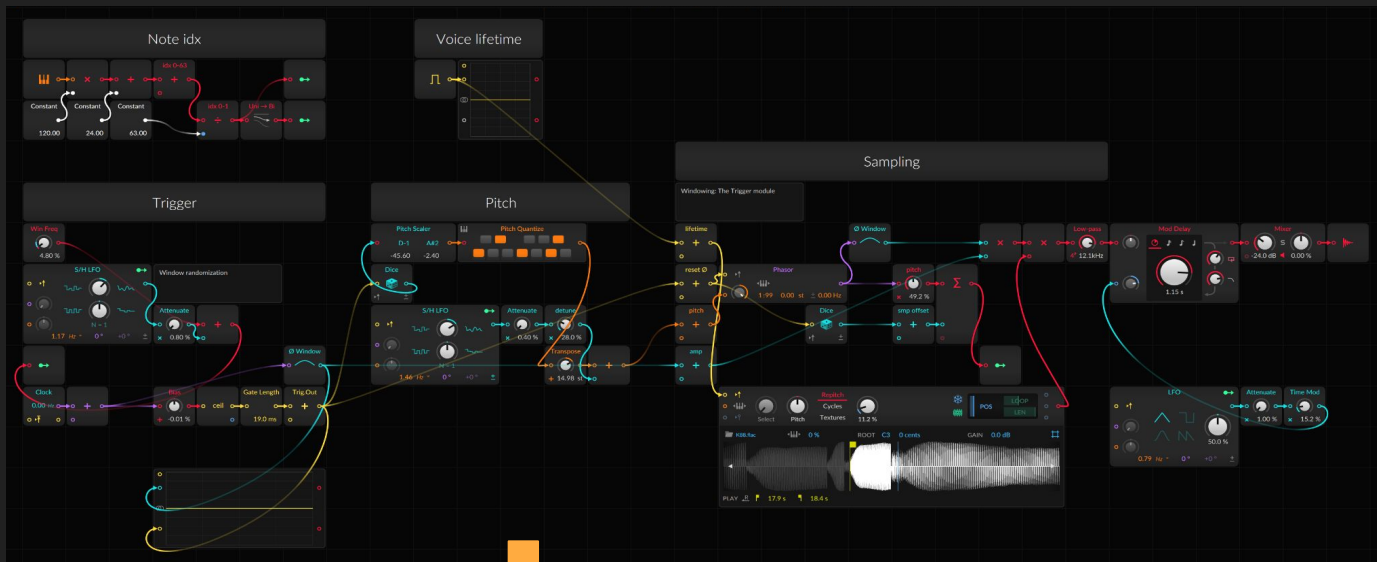
# Bitwig Granular Swarm Experiment



# What if this was in the Game?



# From Bitwig Prototype to FMOD Plugin



# Translate Components to C++



```
// Uniformly quantized pitch
// int note = (pitch % 12)
// octave0 = note / 12.0
// pitch_quantized_idx = octave0 + selected_pitches
// pitch_quantized = selected_pitches[pitch_quantized_idx]
inline int quantize_pitch_uniformly(int pitch, int selected_pitches, int selected_pitches_count)
{
    int octave = pitch / 12;
    int note = mod_wrap_1(pitch, 0, 12);
    float octave0 = note / 12.0;
    int pitch_quantized_idx = octave0 + selected_pitches_count;
    assert(pitch_quantized_idx < selected_pitches_count);
    int pitch_quantized = selected_pitches[pitch_quantized_idx];
    return pitch_quantized + octave * 12;
}
```



```
class Phasor
{
private:
    const float PHASE_MAX = 4294967296;

public:
    struct State
    {
        uint32_t phase; float freq; float p_h_smp;
        bool is_active;
    };

    // State
    uint32_t phase = 0; // using an integer type automatically ensures theirs
    // const float PHASE_MAX = 4294967296; // phase is in [0 : 2^32-1]
    uint32_t freq; float p_h_smp = 0; // this yields 0.0f for some reason lol!
    bool is_active = true;

    Phasor() {}

    void save_state(State &state)
    {
        state.phase = phase;
        state.freq_ph_h_smp = freq_ph_h_smp;
        state.is_active = is_active;
    }

    void load_state(const State &state)
    {
        phase = state.phase;
        freq_ph_h_smp = state.freq_ph_h_smp;
        is_active = state.is_active;
    }

    inline void restart()
    {
        phase = 0;
        is_active = true;
    }

    inline void update()
    {
        phase += freq_ph_h_smp;
    }
};
```



```
class Mod_Delay
{
private:
    Clapbuf buf0, buf1;
    float max_delay_s;
    float current_delay_s = 0;
    float target_delay_s = 0;
    float current_input_scale = 0;
    float target_input_scale = 0;
    float smoothness_s_p_smp = 0.01f;
    float feedback = 0.0f;
    float current_dry = 0;
    float current_wet = 0;
    int sample_rate;

public:
    void reallocate(float max_delay_s, int sample_rate);
    void clear_state();
    void set_feedback(float feedback0) { this->feedback = feedback0; }
    float get_feedback() { return feedback; }
    // Smoothness is measured in delay time (s) per second
    void set_smoothness(float smoothness);
    void set_delay(float delay_s);
    void set_delay_instantaneous(float delay_s);
    void set_input_level(float input_level0);
    void set_input_level_instantaneous(float input_level0);
    float get_delay() const;
    void render_single_mono(float input);
    void render_float32_mono(float* buffer, int32_t sample_frames);
    void render_float32_stereo_interleaved(float* buffer, int32_t sample_frames);
    void render_float32_stereo_interleaved_additive(float* buffer, int32_t sample_frames,
        float gain_dry, float gain_wet);
};
```



```
class Sample_and_hold
{
    Phaser phaser;
    float target_value;
    float current_value;
    float slew_rate;

    float sample_period;

public:
    Sample_and_hold()
    {
        target_value = random_xor_shift::random_float01();
        current_value = target_value;
        set_smoothness(0);
        sample_period = 1 / 40000.0f;
    }

    void set_freq(float freq, int sample_rate)
    {
        phaser.set_freq(freq, sample_rate);
        sample_period = 1.0f / sample_rate;
    }

    // smoothness01 rate/s
    // 0.1m (change instantly: full change in a 100th of a second)
    // 1 0.1 (full change in 10 seconds)
    void set_smoothness(float smoothness01)
    {
        float smoothness01_exp = ease_out(smoothness01, 4.0f);

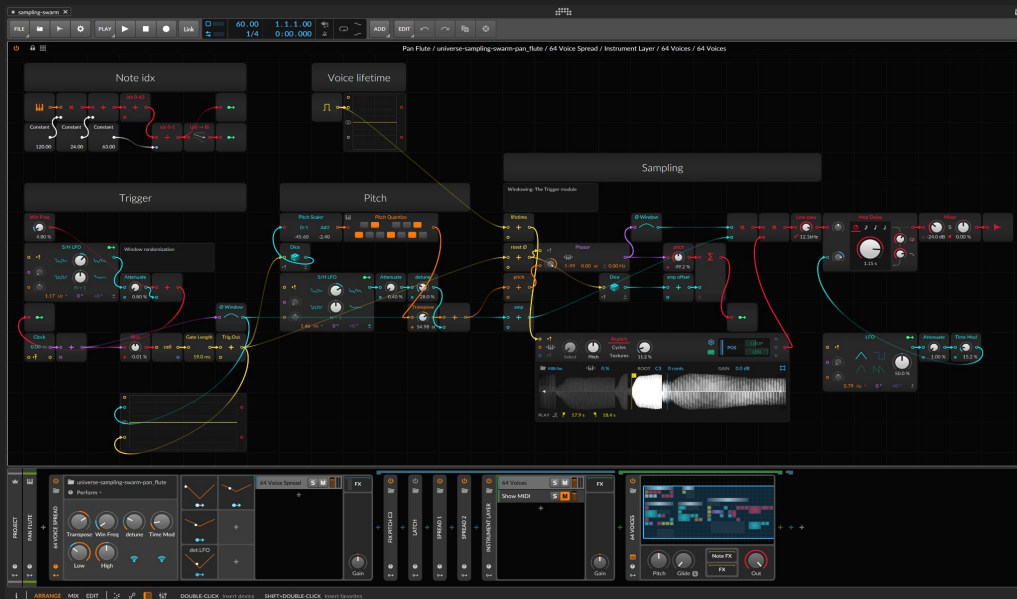
        float slew_rate_per_second = lerp_inlne(100.0f, 0.1f, smoothness01_exp);
        slew_rate = slew_rate_per_second * sample_period;
    }

    void update()
    {
        if (phaser.is_pulse_now())
        {
            target_value = random_xor_shift::random_float01();
        }
        phaser.update();

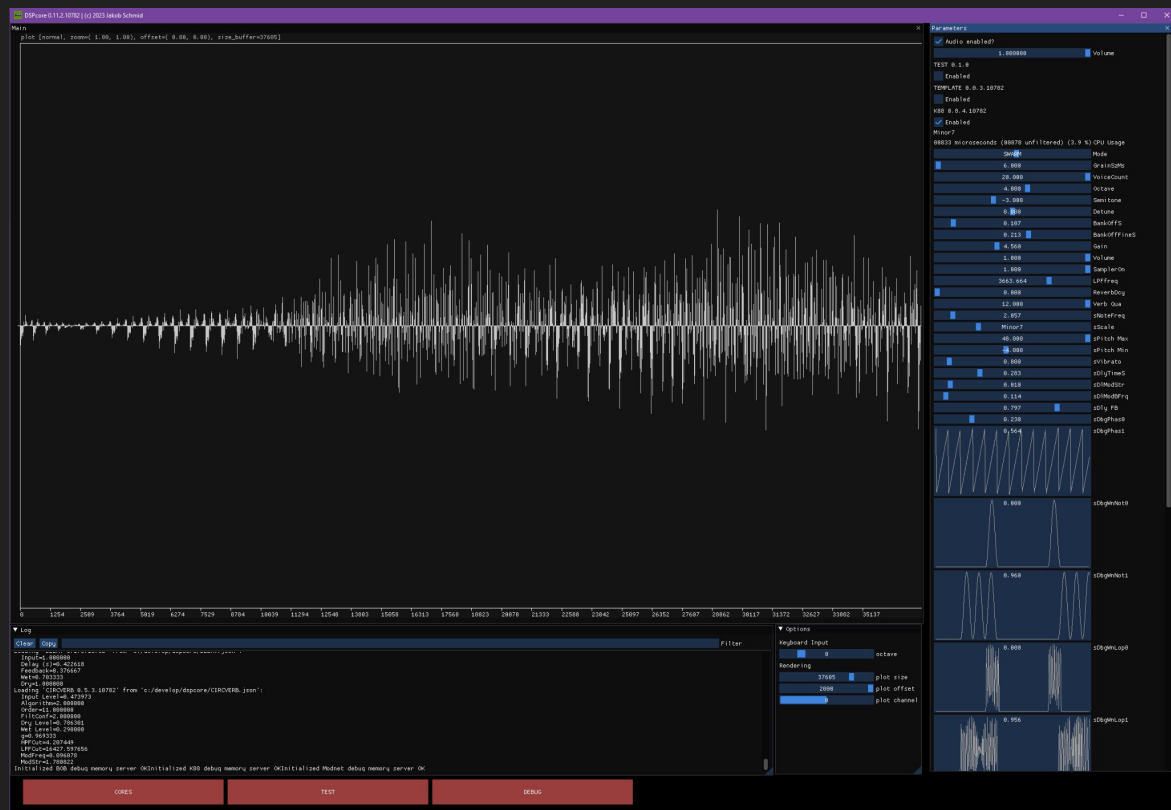
        current_value = slew(current_value, target_value, slew_rate);
    }

    float get_value01() // Call update first
    {
        return current_value;
    }
};
```

# Translate Patch to C++



## Test in custom GUI





# Wrap as FMOD Plug-in Instrument



# COCOON Plugin Instruments

**K88**

Schmid | K88  
1.0.0 2023-08-13

Debug Dump ☐ ON

MODE  
☐ Orchestra ☒ Swarm

Sampler On ☒ ON

Voice Count

Grain Size (ms)

Octave  Semitone  Detune  Fine Offset (s)  Random offset

Offset Modulation  Frequency  Amount  Smoothness

SWARM  
Note Freq  Note Chance  Pitch min  Pitch max  Scale  Vibrato

Time  Feedback  Delay  Delay Mod  Base Freq.  Strength

Automatable  LPF Freq  Volume

Preset Config  Gain  Reverb Decay

Trigger Behavior

**Modnet**

Schmid | Modnet  
1.0.0 2023-08-13

Debug Dump ☐ ON

Operator Count  Quality

Alg A  Param 0  Param 1  Octave  Semitone  Detune  Amp  Morph  Morph Mod freq  LPF freq  Waving Chord  Noise  Alg B  Param 0  Param 1  Octave  Semitone  Detune  Amp  Morph Easing  Morph Mod str  HPF freq

Trigger Behavior

**Weather**

Schmid | Weather  
1.0.0 2023-08-13

Debug Dump ☐ ON

Oscillator  Grain freq  Spread  Base freq  FLFO  R Freq  Str  Min freq  Max freq  Base Q  QLFO  R Freq  Str  Pitch Quantize ☒ ON

Volume

Automation & Modulation  
Trigger Behavior

**BOB**

Schmid | BOB  
1.0.0 2023-08-13

Debug Dump ☐ ON

ARPEGGIATEUR  
Enabled ☒ ON Scale  Loop  Ping-pong ☒ ON Random ☒ Note Chan...

Pattern  Length  Multiply  Jump  BPM  Subdivision  Gate  Offset

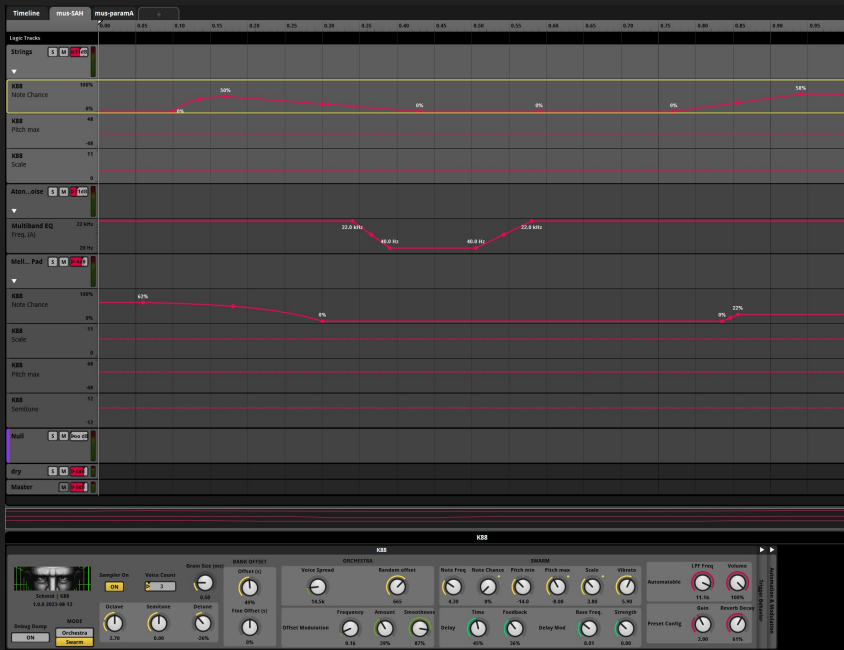
Pitch  Transpose  Octave  Semitone  Square  Saw  Sine  Freq  Str  OSC amp  Square  Saw  Sine  Freq  Str

Filter  Cutoff  Key Track  FENV amt  Resonance  FENV  Attack  Decay  Sustain  Release

AENV  Attack  Decay  Sustain  Release

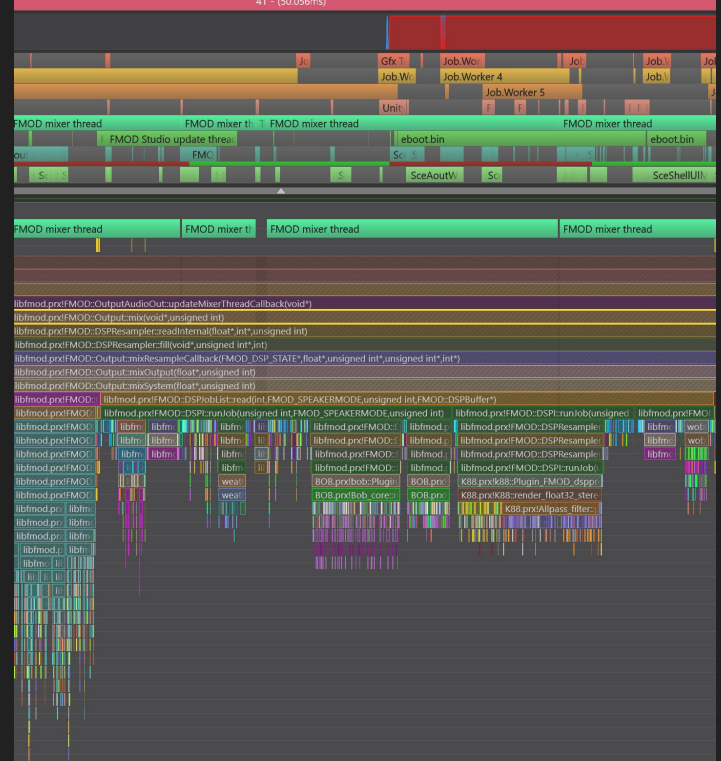
Automation & Modulation  
Trigger Behavior

# Real-time Synthesized Music in FMOD

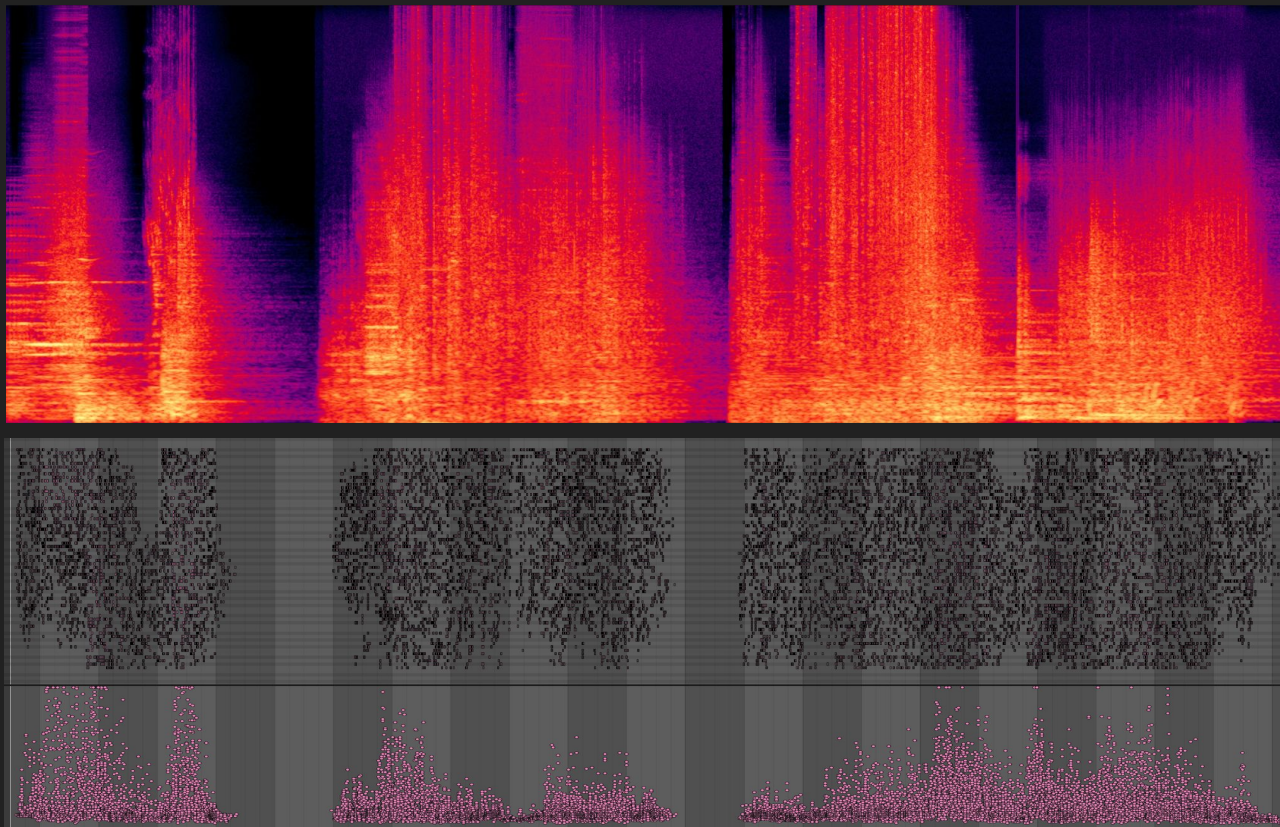


# Real-time Synthesized Music on All Platforms

- Windows
- Xbox Series S|X, Xbox One
- PlayStation 5, PlayStation 4
- Nintendo Switch



# MIDI Vocoder: Dyson Gate



► midi\_vocoder-bitwig, midi\_vocoder-ableton, cocoon-gate



# MIDI Vocoder

## Home-made vocoder

- Bitwig audio analysis
- MIDI sent via loopMIDI
- Record MIDI in Ableton Live

This patch does a vocoder-like spectral analysis of any audio using 64 Sallen-Key 8-pole filters, and sends the result as 64 MIDI notes with velocity, corresponding to frequency and amplitude.

The temporal resolution is controlled using note frequency and chance. Chance values lower than 100% reduces bandwidths and often leads to a more pleasing and result when resynthesizing. Values around 30% are recommended.

The smoothness parameter determines the window size used for amplitude detection. Larger values 'blur' the sound.

The spectral information is sent as MIDI notes with velocity, corresponding to frequency, amplitude.

To generate 64 notes, we fix pitch to C3 and use 2 MULTI-NOTES to generate 8\*8=64 NOTE GRID voices.

In this example, we use Ableton Live for resynthesis of the spectral MIDI data. However, any MIDI device should work, even hardware devices.

loopMIDI is used for sending MIDI notes from Bitwig to Ableton Live.

On current hardware, Live can't handle more than around 45 KB/s of MIDI data.

Disable Feedback-Detection in loopMIDI to avoid auto-muting.

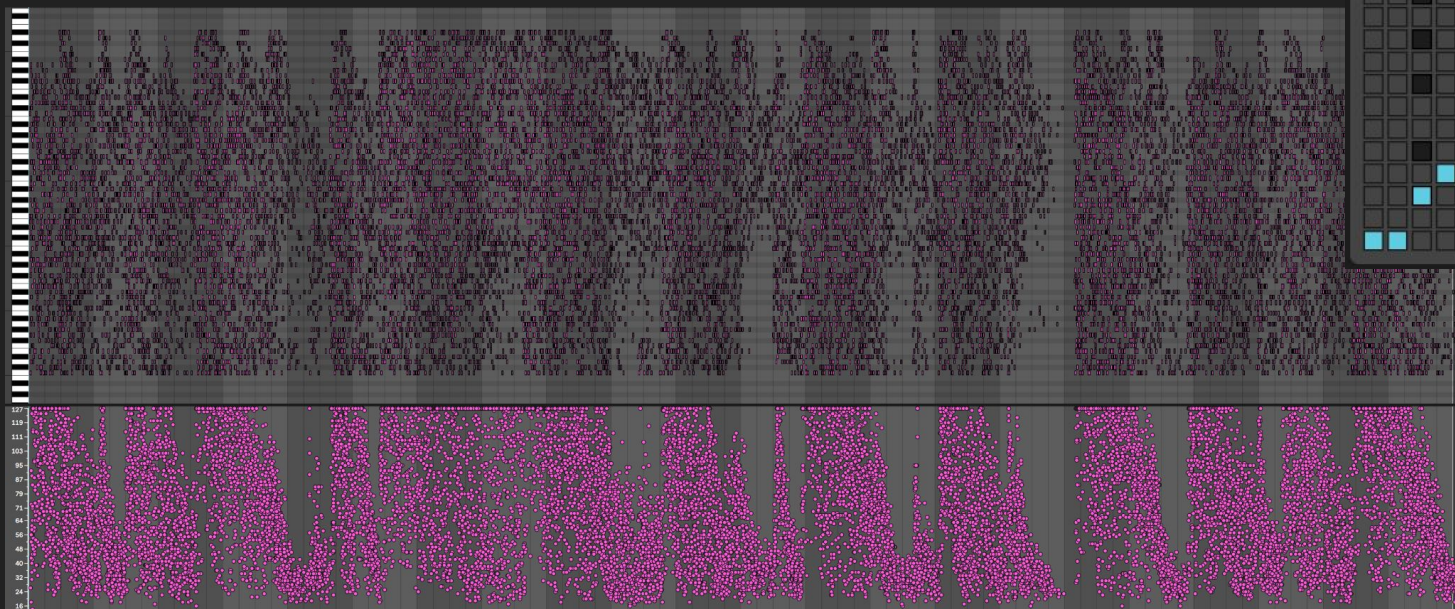
To extend polyphony of any Ableton Instrument, use an Instrument Rack with key splits.

# Puzzle Feedback Music





# MIDI Vocoder: Puzzle Feedback



**Ambigorian**

Base  
B

Transpose  
0 st

Fold

Range  
+128 st  
Lowest  
C-2

# Questions?

Contact Jakob on

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[jakob@schmid.dk](mailto:jakob@schmid.dk)



AVAILABLE NOW ON

